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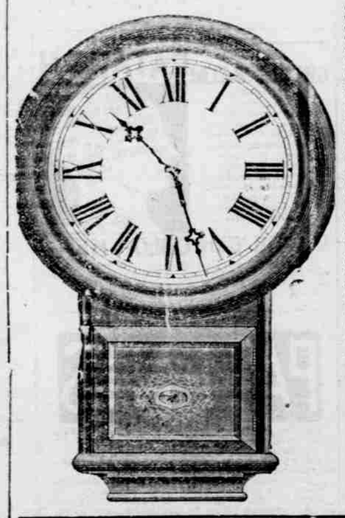

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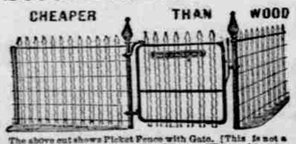

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WILD ANIMAL FARM.

The Novel Project of the Ringling Brothers, Circus Men.

An Immense Inclosure in Southern California Where Lions, Panthers, Elephants, Etc., Will Be Raised on a Large Scale.

A novel scheme for raising and perpetuating rare varieties of wild animals is the latest zoological idea of Ringling Bros.

A special agent of the company is now negotiating for a tract of land at Long Beach, near San Pedro bay, southern California, for the purpose, while Messrs. Dr. Rupert Hoffman and Oscar Newman, who recently started on a tour around the world to secure wild beasts for the menagerie and zoological exhibits, will make special efforts to collect some very perfect and healthy specimens of forest-reared animals for breeding purposes. It is proposed to secure four or five square miles of the most thickly-wooded land in the vicinity mentioned. The land desired is to embrace swamp, timber and rocky sections and will be inclosed by a solid brick wall.

This wall will be two feet in height and will rest upon a firm foundation of stone masonry, implanted several feet in the earth. From the top of the brick wall up to a distance of about 12 feet a fence will be erected of half-inch pieces of iron, six inches apart. In the main the land will be left in its natural state, but caves made as nearly as possible to imitate nature will be dug and formed of rocks, and it is expected that the animals will make their homes in these. The idea of Ringling Bros. is to turn the animals into this inclosure and let them follow their natural inclinations and habits as much as possible. As the animals to be propagated are principally of the carnivorous kind, such animals as they naturally prey upon will be supplied as food. If, of course, at any time the number of antelope and other herbivorous animals which are to furnish food for the lions, tigers, hyenas, leopards, panthers and other carnivora is depleted, domestic animals, such as sheep and goats, will be placed within the inclosure, to be hunted by the denizens of this peculiar jungle.

A considerable portion of this extensive establishment will be separated from the rest by secure partitions for raising the delicate giraffe, camels, zebras, quaggas and other herbivorous families of the animal kingdom. In order that fresh water may be always on hand, pipes will be laid underground, ending in fountains in the inclosure, and fed from spring water pumped in from the outside. It is proposed to lay a concrete walk just outside and extending around the entire wall, and a watchman, perhaps on a bicycle, will make a tour of inspection of the entire inclosure twice each day. The idea, if a success, will probably result in preserving certain animals, such as the giraffe, from becoming entirely extinct.

Elephants will also be raised within the inclosure. On account of their great strength it was at first thought that an elephant inclosure would be impracticable, but a scheme has been devised which it is believed will prevent them from breaking down the walls. Forty feet within the outside wall will be erected a second fence composed and built of logs driven into the ground by means of a pile driver. These timbers will be about three feet apart and will be cross-braced by a row of timbers bolted on the upright logs toward the outside and braced with timbers extending from the cross braces to the ground. This will make a very strong shield against which the assaults of a large and vicious elephant will have no effect.

The cost of such an inclosure will not be so great as one would at first think, as the material used is very plentiful in that section of southern California selected for this purpose. The elephant inclosure is located so far from the outer wall in order that no tiger, lion or other animal of the cat family could leap from it to the top of the iron grating and thus gain access to the outside world. Certain grasses and herbs indigenous to the countries from which the animals are to be brought will be planted in order that the animals may have as nearly as possible their native foods.

One of the most interesting features of the jungle will be the monkey farm. For this purpose several acres will be used. A wooden frame will be erected extending above the height of the trees and completely surrounding the farm. This framework will be covered with a network of wire, so that the monkeys will be at liberty to climb about the trees and feed on the fruits and nuts, but will be unable to escape.

The idea in its entirety embraces the scheme of propagating the animals by giving them the natural advantages of a jungle, leaving them to follow their natural habits, but keeping them within the inclosure, so that they can be trapped when wanted for exhibition purposes.—Chicago News.

Large Enough.

A foot-traveler through one of the hilly regions of Ireland came one day upon a curious little cabin, so small as to seem hardly large enough for a human habitation. While she was whimsically considering as to whether it might not be the abode of the famous "good people," about whom so many loving superstitions cling, the figure of a short, stout old man emerged from the cabin, and stood confronting her in smiling silence. After salutations had been exchanged, the traveler laughingly told the old man that she had half fancied his dwelling the home of fairies. "No, indade, ma'am, but it's a good warm place, God bless it," replied the old man. "But surely you cannot stand up in it?" said the traveler, curiously. "An' fwhat nade to shtand, ma'am?" returned the owner of the tiny house. "Shure, an' Oi can come outside to do that same, an' whin Oi'm insoide, it's mesilf that can either go to bed or sit down, ma'am!" There was such warmth in the smile with which this cheerful philosophy was propounded that the traveler was not disposed to pick flaws in it, and smiled acceptance of its truth.—Youth's Companion.

REMARKABLE JAPANESE WOMAN

Continued Brilliant and Helpful Career of Steimatz Rama Kana.

All college women of America must feel an especial pride in the career of the charming Steimatz Rama Kana, one of the three young Vassar women educated at Vassar college, 20 years ago, by the Japanese government.

Private letters from the island empire continue to bring interesting word of this remarkable woman, the wife now of Marquis Oyama, one of the heroes of the late war and beloved of his nation. The marquise seems to be fulfilling the prophecies of her classmates of two decades ago, who felt that her personality must make an imprint on her time. Intensely loyal to her country, she yet left here thoroughly imbued with American principles, and determined to aid in the uplifting of her sex in Japan. Her last words to her friends here were to the effect that her ambition in life henceforth was to enlighten and raise her native sisters to the American standard of education and dignity. Of noble blood, her position, with her education, has afforded her unusual opportunity to promote this desire. Her home is the very essence of refinement, with a decidedly foreign style as to arrangement, though the gardens about are royally Japanese. With three charming children, Steimatz—for so her classmates affectionately speak of her—is dispensing a beautiful and uplifting influence to all who come in contact with her. While the war lasted her practical work was constant. She sent out from her own hands, aided by women of all grades of society, enormous quantities of carbolized gauze, with great packages of other sanitary supplies, to the seat of battle. She is promoting many philanthropic schemes, but none of them has she so much at heart as the education of her sisters. She is using the influence of her own and her husband's position to bring about a change of native opinion concerning Japanese women. Believing firmly in education as the chief factor in the elevation of women, in this direction she bends all her energies and arguments. There is little question that her early American education has been, through her constant application of it, the keynote to the growing liberality of the Japanese toward women, and an American policy in general. Her progressive spirit was no transitory notion, but a deep, underlying conviction and motive of action, which she has been able to direct upon the thought of her compatriots at a most fortunate time.—N. Y. Times.

BRITISH RECRUITING.

Secretly Carried On in This Country During the Crimean War.

In the North American continent the spirit of adventure is strong. During the Crimean war I was an attache at the Washington legation, and, as this was about 40 years ago, I do not suppose that I am disclosing any secrets in saying what then occurred. We received orders to recruit a force for the Crimea. This was a fad of Lord Panmure, who was then war minister. Sir John Crampton, our minister, vainly wrote to explain that this might get us into trouble with the United States government. The only reply was the order to obey. So we did. I was sent to New York to look after the recruiting there. We had a ship in the harbor and we found no difficulty in filling it. A recruiter got five dollars per man, and the man five dollars, accompanied with many promises of good things. When the ship was full it was sent to Nova Scotia, where we had a governor an old soldier with the reputation of being able to knock any regiment into shape. The government of the United States soon got wind of our proceedings at New York, and at Niagara, where we had a Hungarian employed to slip recruits across the frontier. The result was that the members of the legation at Washington and the consuls at New York and one or two other places received their passports. What particularly amused me was that the consul at New York had had nothing to do with the matter.

But we had elaborated a far grander scheme. We had found a sort of filibustering general, who had agreed to provide us with several thousand men, who were to be recruited in Texas and the adjoining southern states. These were to be commanded by the general. The negotiations went off, because while we were prepared to give him the local rank of general in the Crimea he insisted upon being made what he called a full general in the British army. To this we could not assent.

I could never discover what became of my New York recruits. They were landed in Nova Scotia, and shortly afterwards the governor telegraphed that they had rebelled, and that he was going to take steps to reduce them to a fitting state of discipline. This was the last heard of them.

The governor was somewhat of a dunderheaded man. We wanted (I forget why) to have a ship sent from Nova Scotia to Jamaica. We had a cipher dictionary, but I could not find the word Jamaica in it, so I telegraphed the code words for "jam" and "acre." This was too much for the governor's intelligence. Again and again he telegraphed to ask where the ship was to go; again and again I telegraphed back, referring him to the code words for "jam"—"acre." Finally we had to send a messenger with a letter.—London Truth.

Artificial Snow.

The Popular Science Monthly tells a curious instance of the formation of artificial snow. It was witnessed in the town of Agen, in France, one night last winter. A fire broke out in a sawmill when the temperature was ten degrees below the freezing point. The water thrown upon the fire was instantly vaporized, and, rising into the cold, dry air, was immediately condensed and fell as snow. What with bright starlight and a strong northwest wind blowing, the whirling snow above and the raging fire below, a brilliant spectacle was presented.

Knowledge Acquired by Ear.

"Was there any particular kind of stone you were looking for?" asked the jeweler, after exhibiting his entire stock to the caller.

"I kind o' thought I'd like to see an Adrian opal," replied the young man, drumming pensively on the showcase.—Chicago Tribune.

BANKING IN NORWAY.

It Is Conducted in a Safe and Unique Manner.

Depositors Are Charged for Leaving Their Money in the Bank—Some of the Queer Rules of the Institution.

Probably the most independent and aristocratic bank in the world is the Norges, or National bank of Norway. It seems to be wholly indifferent to doing business of any kind, and what it does do it insists upon doing in its deliberate way.

Socially, the bank is of considerable importance. The directors meet twice a week, and these friendly gatherings are said to be most enjoyable affairs. Loans and discounts form the chief subjects of conversation. No loan or discount can be made without the approval of three of the directors. Suppose the directors are to hold a meeting on Wednesday and you want to borrow 100 krone on Monday. You apply to the Norges bank, and are told that the matter will be taken under consideration at the directors' meeting on Wednesday, and you may look for an answer to your application by Thursday. It does not matter in the least that you want the 100 krone Monday, and not Thursday; you simply have to wait. After all there is not so much absurdity or inconvenience to the borrower in this arrangement as seems at first glance. He who may want a loan only anticipates his needs and prepares for it a few days in advance, instead of waiting until the hour before he wants it. And the bank is always able to make sure that its loans are safe ones.

The origin of this institution was as peculiar as its management is unusual. Soon after the nominal union of Norway and Sweden, in 1814, the latter country began to feel the need of greater money facilities to meet the demands of the rapidly-increasing commerce. The situation was not unlike that in the United States at the formation of the first United States bank.

The problem of securing the necessary capital for a great national institution was a very simple one for the Norwegian government. It raised stockholders for the bank just as it raised soldiers for its armies. Every well-to-do citizen was compelled to take so much stock. He was always at liberty to take more if he chose, but always in amounts divisible by five. Bookkeeping was made easy on a new principle, in accordance with which sums ending in other figures than five and zero were to be excluded from the books.

This national bank is also a national pawnshop. It is authorized by law to lend money on any non-perishable goods, provided they can be deposited in the bank and kept under lock and key. For this service it charges rather less than the usual pawnbroker's interest, which may, perhaps, account for the rarity of private pawnshops in Norway. In the regular loan department the curious rule is enforced that loans may not be made for less than one month nor for more than six, and only for sums of at least 400 krone ($120).

American bank managers would look askance at the rule which subjects all deposits to a charge of one-tenth per cent. for taking them in. Vengeance is also taken with a liberal hand on the unlucky wight who happens to overdraw his account. He is fined one per cent. of the excess amount, which fine is immediately charged against him, and payment of the draft is totally refused. If by accident or for any reason an official honors such an overdraft, he is personally responsible. The Norges bank's unquestionable does a safe business.—Detroit Free Press.

WELL-KNOWN PEN NAMES.

"Hans Breitman," whose dialect narratives are even now popular, was the name chosen by Charles G. Leland.

Thomas Wright, who wrote "Alma Mater," selected the nom de plume of "A Trinity Man" from his college.

Julian C. Verplanck, the author of "Political Tracts," chose the name of "Abimelech Coody" from its countrified sound.

"Asa Trenchard" was, it is said, chosen by Henry Watterson as his nom de plume on account of its homely, rustic sound.

Gen. Lewis Cass, whose admirable letters from France have become almost classic, wrote under the name of "An American."

"Ik Marvel," the famous humorist, is no other than Donald G. Mitchell, whose "Reveries of a Bachelor" are even now popular.

George William Curtis once used a pen-name. It was "Howadji," and was used as a signature to his travels in Egypt and the east.

MEN OF LETTERS.

Chili is said to possess more poets in proportion to her population than any other country in the world.

Albert Halstead, a son of Murat Halstead, has become editor of the Springfield (Mass.) Union. He has been the Washington correspondent of the Cincinnati Commercial-Gazette.

Henry Villard, who in his younger days was a journalist and a man of letters, winning in the civil war a high reputation as a correspondent in the field, is writing an autobiography for his children exclusively. It will be privately printed, it is thought, next year.

Robert Louis Stevenson was a very modest genius. In one of the last letters he penned he says: "I am a fictitious article, and have long known it. I do not think it possible to have fewer illusions than I have. I sometimes wish I had more. But I cannot take myself seriously as an artist; the limitations are too obvious." There is a sermon in this for several living authors.

Cleanly Japanese Tramps.

A traveler in Japan says that the Japanese tramp takes his hot bath daily if he has a fraction of a cent to pay for it, or his cold bath if he hasn't a cent. He carries a comb, toothpicks, a razor and a toothbrush in a little bundle. A few Japanese tramps might well be introduced as missionaries in the American brotherhood, whose members do not seem to appreciate what cleanliness is "next to."

SCIENCE AND INDUSTRY.

—Prof. Albert Koebele, of California, has made a three years' contract with the Hawaiian government to destroy the insect pests of the islands. His method is to get insects harmless to man to kill noxious insects.

—X rays are to be applied to practical agriculture. Dr. Graetz, of Munich, has taken a picture of a one-day-old pig, showing its bony structure. By continuing to make pictures of the pig the action of food on its growth will be shown.

—New possibilities in the use of the Roentgen rays have been discovered by Dr. Frenzel, of Berlin. Twelve sheets of bromide of silver paper laid one upon the other were placed in the holder and the picture of a frog taken. The image was equally well defined on each sheet.

—In Germany last year ships of 101,402 registered tons were built, against 117,621 tons in 1894. This is a considerable advance as compared with 1892, with but 48,208 tons, and 1893 with 66,474 registered tons. The report does not include the ships built in the government yards.

—Russia is publishing the construction of the Tiflis Kars railway as fast as possible, and will probably have it completed by August next. It will enable her to carry an army from the Caucasus to the doors of Turkish Armenia. The line is 190 miles long, and is already built as far as Alexandropol, 50 miles from Kars.

—Dr. Pize, of Montelimar, France, has discovered a new anaesthetic. He has found that by injecting guaiacol under the skin in small doses operations can be performed without pain. A committee appointed by the academy of medicine has inquired into the value of the discovery, and has congratulated Dr. Pize upon his achievement.

—Each instrument excels in some particular passage, the piano in scale passages, the harp in arpeggio, the mandolin in the rapid repetition of one note, the banjo in the rapid playing of broken chords, and so with other instruments, but the violin can beat them all on their own ground, while there is much violin music that can be played on no other instrument.

—English is the language that has altered most. Regarded merely as a Teutonic language, it is farthest removed from the parent stock. It is descended from the Saxon, which is the parent of low German and Dutch, and, as it were, the grandparent of English. But besides the Teutonic part, which is the groundwork of the language, it has suffered all the effects of a lengthy Roman occupation.

THERE ARE FEW IDEAL SPRINGS.

Practical Aspect of the Season as Compared with Poets' Fancies.

The poets are largely responsible for the popular notion that the normal spring should be all sunshine, mildness and flowers, instead of the mixture of cold and warmth and alternate storm and fairness which it usually is. Occasionally, however, a poet has "caught on" to the actual facts. It is common, especially in this latitude, to regard each particular spring as later and more disagreeable than any of its predecessors. But backward springs are not novelties, as Lowell showed when he made Hosea Bigelow say:

"I rather like our backward springs
That kind o' haggle with their greens and things."

The truth is, spring is a very indefinite quantity and neither bird, beast nor man is its accurate prophet. Every year about March time people are seized with wonder at the backwardness of the season—wonder not unmoved with irritation. "Loud were the recent denunciations at its dilatoriness. Never was the month such a lion before! Yet if my memory serves[rue aright we had a flurry of snow on April 17 of last year and, in many preceding years during the first week of that month, I have tracked the footprints of the rabbit in the snow." It seems not to be a question of comparison, however. Winter, before it is through, drags on the best of us. We want the warmth, the verdure and the birds again before we have lived out the allotted term of cold and snow, and so, each year, we rebel.—Boston Transcript.

PATENT STATISTICS.

There are 1,351 patents which may be employed in the manufacture of glass.

Kitchen ware, exclusive of stoves and ranges, is protected by 1,747 patents.

There are 4,854 patents for the manufacture of furniture other than chairs.

Of mechanical motors there are 1,775 known to the officials of the patent office.

Patent needles and pins are made to the number of 175 different varieties.

The manufacture of sugar and salt is carried on by the aid of 2,401 inventions.

The necessity of preparing tobacco for the consumer has developed 2,274 patents.

There are 3,307 patents for machinery or processes employed in paper-making.

The farrier is aided in his work by the inventor to the number of 1,234 patents.

The implements and materials used in buildings are protected by 7,792 patents.

Trunks, valises and baggage contrivances generally are protected by 1,333 patents.

There are 633 patented fuels or methods of preparing wood, coal and coke for use.

Southern Educational Advancements.

According to Prof. Alexander Hogg, state manager of public schools in Texas, while the south has gained 54 per cent. in population in the last 20 years, the increase in the enrollment of school attendance has been 130 per cent. In the same period the value of the school property has increased from $16,000,000 to $51,000,000, an addition of nearly $2,000,000 per year. Of all the people in the south, white and black, one in five is in attendance at school during some part of the year. This is the proportion in Saxony, which excels all countries in Europe. It is estimated that of the $320,000,000 expended for education in the south in the last 18 years one-fourth has been for the colored race.

Cambria Freeman.

EBENSBURG, CAMBRIA CO., PA.,

FRIDAY, - - - - JUNE 12, 1896.

OWNERS of the Cambria coal fields near Cheyenne, Wyo., have discovered that the coal which they have been selling for $2 carries from $5 to $8 worth of gold per ton.

THE adoption of a universal standard thread for screws and bolts is one of the possibilities of the near future. An international conference is about to be held in Europe, having for its object the adoption of a uniform system. This will be in line with the proposed adoption of the metric system of weights and measures.

ONE of the greatest inventions ever added to the granite business is being given a test in Montpeller, Vt. The machine is for sawing granite, and if it proves satisfactory it will go down in history with the cotton gin. The machine contains $4,000 worth of diamonds, and the total construction costs in the neighborhood of $10,000.

JOHN HOGAN, of Bucks county, was was last week sentenced to 40 years in in the Eastern penitentiary for burning barns. Judge Yerkes, in sentencing him, said he did not wish to have the people of Bucks county annoyed with Hogan, and it is not likely that they will be, for he is now 45 years old and by the time he serves out his sentence he will be less liable to burn barns. He burned four and received 10 years for each, making 40 years.

AUSTIN CORBIN, the millionaire banker and railroader, was killed at his forest and game preserve at Newport, N. H., on Thursday of last week by his team running away, throwing him out and injuring him so that he died. The coachman who was with him was also killed, and two persons who were in the party were injured, but not seriously. Mr. Corbin was well known as the president of the Philadelphia & Reading railroad. He had great success as a banker during his lifetime.

THE purchase of eighteen acres of land at Congress Heights for a summer home for the President of the United States and for other purposes, says the Washington *Post*, is provided for in a bill introduced by Representative Denny. The amount of the appropriation designated is $1,000,000, and the land specified is a portion of Wilson Park, which overlooks Washington, Maryland and Virginia. The plan of the bill is to protect the timber growth there so that it shall be adjacent to the proposed summer home.

THE *American Manufacturer* in last week's issue says concerning the iron and steel trade: "The last week seems to have been unusually quiet in the local iron and steel market. General inactivity has been the status of the trade for numerous weeks past, but the last week has been decidedly monotonous. In all branches the waiting policy seems to be general. Nobody is buying anything they can do without just now, consequently the volume of business is small. To further delay the expected improvement, troubles over the wage question are feared. According to present indications, there will be difficulty in arranging terms for the coming year in some departments of mill work. However there seems to be the same faith in the future and the same belief that a big improvement is not far off."

THE Southern delegates to the Republican national convention, who with the exception of two or three leaders are colored men, can find no shelter in the Republican city of St. Louis, not even food, unless they resort to the low negro dives. They cannot obtain temporary lodging in the pullman palace cars, into which no colored man can enter except as an attendant or waiter. In this kind of treatment Republican organs may find a reason why the masses of the Southern negroes vote the Democratic ticket. Since the enfranchisement of the colored people the Republican politicians have treated them merely as "voting cattle." Democratic politicians may not hold them in higher esteem, but they have more respect for the rights of the "man and brother" under the constitution and the laws.

NO MAN in his senses, says the Chicago *Times-Herald*, can deny that the countries in which wages are lowest and the social conditions of labor the most degraded are the countries having silver as the monetary measure of value. The most conspicuous of these countries are Japan, China and Mexico. The little new spurt of activity in Japan means nothing yet for labor. It is but a bubble in a sea long dead. As rapidly as the country advances there will be the inevitable drift to the gold standard, accompanied with a rise in wages, which will have the effect, in due time, of so increasing the cost of manufactures in Japan as to lessen the possibility of ever becoming a rival with the Western countries possessing in their soil in unlimited quantities the raw materials that are the basis of the great industries of the world, the metallic and the textile, in which, therefore, Japan, even when it shall reach the gold standard, can have no hope of competing with the United States anywhere, nor with Great Britain, except in Asia.

The second most obvious fact in the progress of nations, and in their condition to day, is that the greatest prosperity is coincident with the gold standard, and that the country which was the first to adopt it exclusively and has maintained it longest without vacillation presents the highest example of national progress, excepting the United States, whose most remarkable progress is also associated with the gold standard.

VERY many citizens, says the Philadelphia *Times*, thoughtlessly advocate the free and unlimited coinage of silver, believing that thereby the volume of money in the country would be greatly enlarged, when in point of fact just the reverse would be the result.

We have now in round numbers about $1,600,000,000 of money in circulation, over $600,000,000 of which are gold, the remainder being nearly equally divided between silver and paper.

If this government were to adopt the free and unlimited coinage of silver, it would at once bring the United States to the silver standard of value along with the other free silver countries of the world, such as China, Japan, Mexico, India, etc., and gold would cease to circulate as money and would be simply an article of commerce.

Thus by adopting the silver standard over $600,000,000 of our present circulating medium would be at once retired, and remain out of circulation as long as the silver standard was maintained by the government.

The remaining $1,000,000,000 of our circulating medium would be at once reduced to just one half its present value, and it would require $2 of our silver standard money, both paper and coin, to buy the amount of any commodity or necessary of life that can now be bought for one dollar that is maintained on the gold standard.

Thus the silver standard would lessen our money circulation over $600,000,000 of gold, the only absolutely sound money now circulating among the people, to half that amount of money at our present gold standard of value.

In short, free silver would retire over $600,000,000 of gold from our present circulating medium, and would reduce the other $1,000,000,000 to $500,000,000 of actual value; and instead of $1,600,000, of money, free silver would leave our people with only $500,000,000 of paper and silver money, estimating it at its purchasing value.

Instead of having over $1,600,000,000 as we have now, free silver would reduce the circulating medium of this country, in its purchasing power, to but $500,000,000, and the more silver money we issued, and the more paper money we issued on the basis of silver, the cheaper our money would become.

Thus free silver, instead of increasing the volume of our circulating medium as many thoughtlessly assume, would not only absolutely deprive us of more than one-third of our present money, and the best part of it, but would reduce the value of our remaining silver and paper just one half in its purchasing power.

The free silver advocate who urges free coinage to increase the circulating medium, must be either fool or knave, as the facts are as clear as the unclouded sun of noonday.

A Washington correspondent of the Springfield *Republican*, in speaking of the silver question says:

If the silver frenzy finally sweeps the country and makes possible the plunge to a silver basis, with the scaling of obligations which this will imply, the people and the politicians of the Northeast will have themselves largely to blame. That there is something wrong with the existing economic system, which impoverishes the south and west for the benefit of special classes, few will deny who have traveled through those sections or come in contact with their people. The demand for free coinage of silver is but the groping of a blinded and imprisoned giant who is seeking some means of freeing his limbs with the purpose of using them in caring for and protecting his own. The vast extent of country, the conflict of interest between the sections, the incompetence and dishonesty of politicians, and the predominance of moral over economic issues after the moral issues have been decided, have ground the south and west between the upper and nether millstones of a high tariff above and a wretched currency system beneath until the victim is making a last effort for freedom which threatens to pull down the entire fabric of our social and financial system.

Whatever may be said for the protective system in developing young industries and in raising wages under temporary conditions in particular cases, it is hardly a subject of dispute that it has continuously taken money from the pockets of the farmers of the west in the enhanced price of their agricultural implements, their woolen clothing, their implements of iron and steel and even the tin utensils of the kitchen. Whatever may have happened in recent years as the results of that violent competition which high protection engenders within the protective wall, it was the avowed purpose and result of the protective system in the beginning to raise the prices of manufactured goods. He who denies it denies the purpose and benefits of the system. This being the case, it becomes easy to make a rough calculation of the toll levied by protection upon the 3,000,000 farmers of the south and west.

BUTTER making in one minute, with economy and with many valuable safeguards from disease as compared with the old-fashioned churning system, is something that United States Consul O'Neil, at Stockholm, tells of in a report to the state department. This is done by a simple machine known as the radiator invented by a Swedish engineer and described and illustrated by the consul. It makes the butter directly from sterilized milk.

THE Fourteenth regiment, Ohio national guard, on last Sunday decorated the graves of the 2,688 confederate soldiers who died in prison at Columbus during the war, and are buried on the site of Camp Chase. This is the first time it has been done, and it is the result of the cordial reception given the regiment, while in camp on the Chicamauga battlefield last fall by the southern people, and particularly the ex-confederate soldiers.

Washington Letter.

Washington, June 5th, 1896.—A bombshell has been exploded in the camp of the jubilant Mckinleyites by the positive announcement that Speaker Reed will not under any circumstances play second fiddle in the McKinley orchestra. Mr. Reed is a thoroughly disgusted man. He thought he had his party in hand as well as he has had the Republican majority of the house, and it hurts him to be knocked out by the man who has less ability than any of the prominent candidates for the nomination; and makes him mad to see men who had pledged their support to him falling over each other to announce their allegiance to McKinley.

President Cleveland was not surprised when congress passed the River and Harbor bill over his veto, nor has that changed his opinion of the merits of the bill, and predictions are freely made that a very small portion of the money appropriated by the bill, now a law, will be paid out by the present administration. There are more ways to kill a dog than hanging him.

The Butler bill prohibiting the further issue of bonds without the consent of congress was passed by the senate, the vote being 32 to 25, silver being the dividing line, but was quickly shelved by the house, which voted to lay it on the table, after it had been adversely reported from the ways and means committee.

Unless the difficulty of keeping a quorum present in the house, which is becoming greater every day, shall delay the transaction of business congress will adjourn by the middle of next week, probably a little earlier. But there are several members of the house who stop everything by raising the point of "no quorum" every time they get the opportunity. There is no expectation of doing anything else than to finish up the regular appropriation bills.

Ex-Gov. Campbell, of Ohio, who is considered by many to stand a good show for the Democratic nomination, is in Washington. He doesn't believe there will be a split in the party at the Chicago convention. Speaking about it, he said: "I feel quite certain that when the Democrats meet in national convention at Chicago they will exercise good enough wisdom and moderation to frame a platform liberal enough and broad enough for all members of the party to stand upon. I believe that conservatism and good sense will prevail, and that differences of opinion will be subordinated to party welfare. The silver men appear to be in the majority and will doubtless exercise the rights always accorded a majority, but that is no reason for imagining that the party will split into fragments, as has been so cheerfully predicted by a good many people who don't in the least know what they are talking about. The Democratic party has survived too many ordeals to dread shipwreck now, and it will continue to exist and to win victories as it has been doing from the beginning."

It would be amusing, if it were not such a really serious matter, to see the care with which the Republicans in congress are guarding their talk in Cuban affairs. Such men as Senators Sherman and Chandler, who were talking nothing but ripsnorting jingoism a few weeks ago are now as mum as Quakers on the subject. The reason is that somehow or other the Republicans have become convinced that President Cleveland is getting ready to beat congress at its own game, by an early recognition of the outright independence of Cuba. Whether the president has any such intention is a matter about those who could speak by authority will not talk. It is probable that the Republican scare grew out of President Cleveland saying to Senator Sherman and two other members of the committee on foreign relations, who called at the White House to discuss Cuban affairs, that he thought recognition of the independence of Cuba was preferable to recognizing the Cubans as belligerents.

It is now openly conceded even by such sturdy opponents of silver as secretaries Smith and Morton that a large majority of the delegates to the Chicago convention will be silver men, but there is much less talk of a bolt by the opponents of silver than there was when the control of the convention was in doubt. in fact, a number of the strongest advocates of the gold standard in congress have voluntarily stated to silver Democrats their intention to support loyally the ticket and platform of the Chicago convention. So far the Democrats in congress are doing very little talking about any particular candidate for president, and while most of them have a personal preference there is nothing like concentration of sentiment upon any one man. M.

By Wind and Cloudburst.

Loup City, Neb., June 6.—The worst hail and wind storm and cloudburst ever experienced in Sherman county struck this place at 7:45 last evening. The daughter of Joseph McCoy was drowned in the flood. The Catholic church was blown to pieces. The Baptist church was moved 40 feet off its foundation. The barns and outbuildings of T. L. Pilger and Mrs. Bower are strung out for 40 rods. A 60-foot bridge across Dead Horse creek was carried over 1,000 feet, At St. Paul the Loup river rose 15 feet in a few moments, flooding houses, but doing no great damage otherwise. The country districts suffered the worst, many families in the lowlands being forced to flee to higher ground to save their lives. Much live stock was drowned near Ord, and a dispatch from that place says there are fears of loss of human life. The roads are impassable, too, and it is impossible to investigate.

Chicago's Skillful Criminals.

Chicago, June 7.—L. T. Klein's dry goods store, at the corner of Halsteod and Fourteenth streets, was robbed last night by highwaymen who entered the store while it was open and well lighted, and forced the cashier to give up money estimated at $500, a tthe point of a revolver. Klein's is one of the largest dry goods stores in she city, and at the time the robbery was committed the building was not only brilliantly lighted but filled with customers.

The robbery is supposed to have been done by the three men who killed Marshall, proprietor of tha Golden Rule store, several weeks ago, and who have robbed nine stores since. The men have used the same methods in every case, and have so far managed to escape without their indentity becoming known.

Big Storm Out West.

Sioux City, Ia., June 7.—Residents here were driven to their tornado caves by a high wind from the southwest about 7 o'clock last evening. Shade trees and chimneys all over the city were blown down and a few small frame buildings suffered. The local telephone companies were heavy losers. At Hastings, Minn., the storm was the greatest of the year, tearing up streets, washing out culverts, and doing great damage to crops. All trains east and west were sidetracked there.

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report

Royal Baking Powder

ABSOLUTELY PURE

St Louis is Reviving.

St. Louis, June 6.—Affairs in the stormridden district of the two cities are taking on a more cheerful aspect. The first rush of relief is over, and there is evidence of a general improvement in the condition of tornado sufferers at the district relief stations. There is a noticeable decrease in the number of applicants for aid, and it is the opinion that the stations in St. Louis will be closed to day. With the abandonment of the district stations, however, the relief work will be far from finished. Whatever remains from the general fund will be left in the keeping of the merchants exchange committee, who will continue the work wherever necessary. The relief fund continues to grow until it has reached $183,531. In all parts of the tornado district houses are being made habitable once more and demolished buildings are being rapidly rebuilt. In East St Louis the work of restoration goes steadily, and there is no abatement of the releif committee's work many people who were compelled to live in tents until their demolished homes repaired, are becoming accustomed to their new environments. In some places tenants live in box cars. None of the patients in the hospitals has died during the past two days, and, according to the statements of attending physicians, no more fatalities will be reported from these institutions.

Pennsylvania Heroes.

Gettysburg, June 5.—A large number of veterans of the late war and others assembled on the battlefield to day to witness the unveiling of the equestrian statues erected by the state in honor of Generals Meade and Hancock, Pennsylvania's most prominent soldiers in the army.

The ceremonies began with the unveiling of the Meade memorial by George Gordon Meade, grandson of the dead hero, at 10:30. As the drapery fell, a salute was fired by Light Battery C, United States army. This was followed by dedicatory services by grand Army officials.

At 2 this afternoon the statue of Hancock was unveiled in much the same manner. General Gobin transferred the statutes to the state and Governor Hastings received them.

A Convict's Revenge.

Jefferson City, Mo., June 6.—Officer Zera Rayburn, of the Missouri penitentiary, was shot and badly wounded yesterday by F. A. Norvill, a convict who was released from the penitentiary the day before. For some infraction of the prison rules Rayburn had Norvill punished on Thursday morning by being tied to a post. At noon he was released from the penitentiary. He immediately bought a shot gun, loaded it and hid himself near the house of Rayburn. At about 5 o'clock yesterday morning, as the officer stepped through his gate to the sidewalk, Norvill fired at him. He was about sixty yards distant and the shot was scattered, striking him in the head, breast and abdomen. Norvill was chased ten miles by hounds and captured.

Man and Woman Drowned.

Pittsburg, June 8.—Yesterday four men and three women, residents of South Pittsburg, visited the McCoy fishing camp at West Run, on the Monongahela river. The day was spent in drinking, and at a late hour last night the party, very much under the influence of liquor, started up the river in an old flat bottom boat. They were run down by the packet James G. Blaine, and one man and one woman were drowned. The other five were rescued by the crew of the tow boat James Crown. They refused to give either their own names or the names of the people whose lives were lost. This morning the bodies of the man and woman drowned were recovered and the coroner notified.

Woman too Cute for Bull.

Flemington, N. J., June 8.—Harry Scudder, a well-known farmer, living at Nevius' Mills, Hunterdon county, was crossing a field near his home, where a bull was grazing. The beast attacked him and tossed him about in a frightful manner and then held him upon the ground between his horns. Scudder's cries were heard by his wife. She grabbed a piece of red calico and ran out to the field. She waved the calico frantically over the fence, and the animal then left his victim and tried in vain to break the fence down to reach Mrs. Scudder. Scudder succeeded in escaping. He was severely cut and bruised, but not dangerously hurt.

Several Figure in a Family Tragedy.

Jamestown, N. Y., June 8.—A family tragedy occurred at Cherry Creek Saturday and Sunday. Some weeks ago Mrs. Wallace Persons, of that village, accused her husband of undue familiarity with a woman who lived near by. Persons assaulted his wife and was sent to jail for three months. Saturday night Mrs. Persons observed her son, a young man, in company with the same woman and went home and took an overdose of arsenic. The son, when he heard of this, was filled with remorse and took a dose of strychnine. The mother died Sunday and the son is in a critical condition.

At Adrian, Minn., 100 head of stock and one man, E. W. Hunter, were drowned in the storm. The St. Kilian mail carrier tried to cross the lake north of the town, and was submerged in the rising tide. He climbed a tree for safety.

At Baldwin, Wis., the greatest downpour of rain in the history of the town occurred. A great number of families were compelled to move out of their houses. The railroad tracks are washed out for about 200 feet. There are several other bad washouts between Knapp and Roberts. The damage to crops and bridges in the country is very large.

Dashed Down a Mountain.

Parkersburg, W. Va., June 8.—A car on the Harwood Lumber company's railroad on Big Run, Webster county, suddenly started down from the top of the mountain with five men Saturday. James Moffett was found still further down terribly cut and fatally hurt. Jacob Holcome was picked up 400 yards from the starting point, also fatally hurt, and Cal. Long was found unconscious and horribly injured nearly a quarter of a mile from the top of the mountain.

THE FESTIVAL OF SONG

Many People Turned Away From the Concerts.

A CHILDREN'S CHORUS OF 3,000.

It Was a Great Triumph — A Great Program In the Evening—The Big Parade Takes Place Tomorrow—Many Prominent Singers Take Part.

PITTSBURG, June 10.—The second day of the Saengerfest was a grand success, and was only marred by one incident, namely, that thousands of people were turned away from the hall last night unable to gain admittance owing to the crowded condition of the hall. This, in the face of bad weather, is a remarkable record. The doors were closed promptly at 8:30, and fully 1,000 people were standing outside seeking admittance, many of whom held season tickets. Musically the festival is pronounced by competent judges a magnificent success.

The children's part of the program in the afternoon was carried out with nicety and precision, and gave great satisfaction. This feature of the Saengerfest had only been tried once before, At Milwaukee about 6,000 children sang a selection of an opera with all the shading in tones. This event is considered the greatest attempt to train a children's chorus ever attempted in America.

The most popular and attractive feature, which brought hundreds to the concert, was the singing by the children's chorus of 3,000 voices. They completely captivated the audience, and when the chorus of "Our Fair Land Forever" was sung amid the rythmic waving of 3,000 United States flags.

The musical feature of the afternoon concert for many was the quartet from "Rigolette" by Verdi, the quartet of singers including Miss Lillian Blauvelt, Miss Gertrude May Stein, A. L. Guille and Emil Senger.

Frau Katherine Dohse-Klafsky's appearance was the loadstone of the evening. She sang the aria from "Oberon," by Carl M. von Weber, "Ocean, Thou Mighty Monster." Though in this selection the singer sang with great power and excellence, it was not until she appeared in "Tristan and Isolde," in the most acceptable role in her entire repertoire, that of "Isolde," that she showed the greatness of her superb voice for Wagnerian roles.

KECK SENTENCED.

The Cincinnati Diamond Man Gets One Year and $200 Fine.

PHILADELPHIA, June 10.—Herman Keck, a member of the Cuckerman Keck Diamond Cutting company of Cincinnati, who was convicted in the U. S. district court of attempting to smuggle diamonds into this country, has been sentenced by Judge Butler to one year's imprisonment and a fine of $200. Keck's prosecution was brought about by the Diamond Importers' union of New York, and his conviction was due mainly to the evidence of Captain Loosewitz of the steamer Rhynland, who testified to having received a package containing $7,000 worth of diamonds from Keck in a restaurant in Antwerp which was to be given to F. Von Reith, also of Cincinnati.

Keck subsequently sailed for New York on the steamer Aller and was arrested by U. S. treasury officials on the description given by Captain Loosewitz.

Nothing Important in the Walling Trial.

NEWPORT, Ky., June 10.—Twenty-two depositions were read in the forenoon and had as many in the afternoon in the Walling trial. Two experts were presented by the defense. Each of these was so skilfully and thoroughly examined by Colonel Nelson for the commonwealth as to make their final testimony invaluable to the prosecution. All the testimony the past few days has been for the defense.

No Legislative Aid For St. Louis.

ST. LOUIS, June 10.—Governor Stone has replied to the letter of Mayor Walbridge asking him to call an extra session of the legislature to submit to the people a constitutional amendment enabling St. Louis to issue bonds for relief from the damages by the recent tornado. The governor, after giving the matter very careful consideration, declined to call an extra session.

Marriage Licenses.

The following marriage licenses were issued by the Clerk of the Orphans' Court for the week ending Thursday, June 11th, 1896:

Frank W. Jones, Ebensburg, and Alma Roland, Blackiick township.

Samuel Weakland, Patton, and Elizabeth A. Buck, Carrolltown.

Ralph W. Jackson and Lizzie Davison, Dunlo.

Charles Varner, Morrellville, and Bertha I. Stork, Rosedale.

Robert Myers, Snow Shoe, Centre county, Pa., and May Igow, Glasgow.

J. A. Breth, Grant, and Clara Hammond, Nicktown.

John Lundy and Mary Lee, Jamestown.

Martin Koovics and Susanna Sarog, Johnstown.

Cornelius Bunn, Dunlo, and Lizzie S. Farren, Lilly.

Walter J. Weakland, Patton, and Ida J. Schettig, Cambria township.

Paul Lenggal and Katalin Petro, Vintondale.

William J. Hettle and Teresa Ann Smith, Summerhill.

THE aggregate of this year's maple sugar crop of Somerset county, which stands second in the list of maple sugar producing counties in the United States, is 2,000,000 pounds, the value of which is $130,000. The maple syrup crop is 50,000 gallons.

The Biggest Fool at Large.

Is the individual who persistently neglects his health, and the means of preserving and restoring it. Many persons who are not constitutional idiots do this. They are genuine objects of compassion as well as censure. A failure of appetite, loss of sleep and flesh, impaired digestion, an uncertain condition of the bowels and symptoms of billiousness are so many warnings of the approach of disease. To disregard them is abject folly, which offended nature in due time punishes severely, if not fatally. That genuine and thoroughly reliable preventive of bodily mischief in the shape of chronic disease, Hostetter's Stomach Bitters, will, if resorted to in time, avert those disorders, to the removal of which it is also fully adequate. Among these are chronic indigestion, liver complaint, kidney troubles, constipation, nervousness, rheumatism and malaria.

Good News Indeed.

A good many of our influential citizens have been trying for for some time to get the well known Specialist on all Chronic and Private Diseases, Dr. M. Salm, of Columbus, Ohio, to return to Ebensburg, and make regular visits, as heretofore. The institution to which he belongs has at last on account of a deluge of petitions and letters, concented to give us his valuable services again, every four weeks regularly, on Tuesday, beginning Tuesday, June 23d. Those suffering with Chronic

Disease of any kind whatever, had better call on him the above date at the Cambria House. Consultation and examination free. ma 13 2t

B. & B.

We're going to do the greatest June business ever done in this store, and here are some of the values that will bring it.

Zephyr Gingnams

20c ones, 10c
25c ones, 12½c

—neat styles of stripes and checks in choice colorings.

Imported Grass Linens, 15c.

Natural linen grounds, with clusters of three fine stripes in yellow, red, black brown—30 inches wide—unusual style and worth.

ALL WOOL IMPORTED CHALLIS.

15c, 20c, 25c, 30c, 35c } 31 inches wide—All the same good quality—Difference in price is on account of difference in styles.

FINE IMPORTED SWISSES.

42 ones at 25c—white grounds flecked with white pin dots—small pink, red blue or black stripes—30 inches wide—new and desirable.

NOVELTY DRESS GOODS AND SUITINGS.

50c { Cheviots, Checks,
75c { Homespuns,
$1.00 { Silk and Wool Mixtures

—choice new productions of the best textile manufacturers.

Samples if you ask for them.

BOGGS & BUHL,

Allegheny, Pa.

For Your Protection.—Catarrah "Cures" or Tonics for Catarrah in liquid form to be taken internally, usually contain either Mercury or Iodide of Potassa, or both, which are injurious if too long taken. Catarrah is a local, not a blood disease, caused by a sudden change to cold or damp weather. It starts in the nasal passages, affecting eyes, ears and throat. Cold in the head causes excessive flow of mucus, and if repeatedly neglected, the results of catarrah will follow; severe pain in the head, a roaring sound in the ears, bad breadth, and oftentimes an offensive discharge. The remedy should be quick to allay inflammation and heal the membrane. Ely's Cream Balm is the acknowleged cure for these troubles and contains no mercury nor any injurious drug. Price, 50 cents.

nov 10 94 ly.

HALL'S Vegetable Sicilian HAIR RENEWER.

The great popularity of this preparation, after its test of many years, should be an assurance, even to the most skeptical, that it is really meritorious. Those who have used HALL'S HAIR RENEWER know that it does all that is claimed.

It causes new growth of hair on bald heads—provided the hair follicles are not dead, which is seldom the case; restores natural color to gray or faded hair; preserves the scalp healthful and clear of dandruff; prevents the hair falling off or changing color; keeps it soft, pliant, lustrous, and causes it to grow long and thick.

HALL'S HAIR RENEWER produces its effects by the healthful influence of its vegetable ingredients, which invigorate and rejuvenate. It is not a dye, and is a delightful article for toilet use. Containing no alcohol, it does not evaporate quickly and dry up the natural oil, leaving the hair harsh and brittle, as do other preparations.

Buckingham's Dye FOR THE WHISKERS

Colors them brown or black, as desired, and is the best dye, because it is harmless; produces a permanent natural color; and, being a single preparation, is more convenient of application than any other.

PREPARED BY
R. P. HALL & CO., Nashua, N. H.
Sold by all Dealers in Medicines.

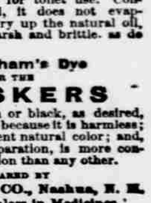
SHOATS WANTED.

50 Shoats to weigh from 75 to 100 pounds each. Address,

Mountain House,
Cresson, Pa.

ELY'S CREAM BALM CATARRH

Is quickly absorbed. Cleanses the Nasal Passages, Allays Pain and Inflammation, Heals the Sores. Protects the Membrane from Additional Cold. Restores the Senses of Taste and Smell.



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A particle is applied into each nostrel and is agreeable. Price 50 cents at Druggists or by mail ELY BROTHERS, 56 Warren Street, New York. nov.10.94.ly

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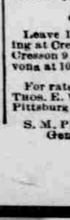
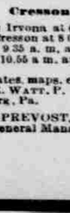
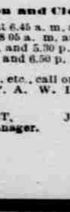
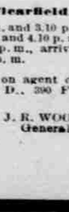
$30 Top Buggy	$57	We Cut the	PRICES and
$60 Phaeton	$94	Top Surrey	$147 outsell ALL
$50 Road Wagon	$95	competitors.	
$15 Road Cart	$8.50	Buy of fac-	tory and save
Buggy Harness	$3.85	$10 Buggy "	$4.75 Middleman's
$30 Team "	$12.50	profit.	
Morgan Saddle, $1.65		Cat'g'e Free	

U. S. BUGGY & CART CO.
8 to 18 Lawrence St., Cincinnati, O.









GRAND OPENING OF SPRING GOODS AT BRADLEY'S MAIN STREET CASH STORE.

New things in Dress Goods, Fancy and Plain. New Styles in Wrapper Goods, Mosburg Silk Finish Henriettas from 12c. to 16c. per yard, entirely new. New Lining of all the latest kinds in the market.

New Embroideries, Laces and Trimmings.

Full assortment of Prints, Ginghams and Muslins. Full line of all the latest styles in Ladies' and Children's Shoes.

IN MEN'S WEAR

we carry all the latest styles in Shoes, Shirts, Hats, &c., at very low prices. Come and see us when in town.

THOS. BRADLEY,

GALLITZIN.

FARMERS!

TAKE NOTICE

When you want **GOOD FLOUR** take your grain to the **OLD SHENKLE MILL** in Ebensburg. The

FULL ROLLER PROCESS

for the manufacture of Flour has been put in the Old Shenkle Grist Mill in Ebensburg and turns out nothing but

FIRST CLASS WORK.

Bring in your grain and give us a trial. Each man's grain in ground separately and you get the Flour of your own wheat. If farmers wish to exchange grain for Flour they can do so. The Mill is running every day with the BEST OF POWER.

S. D. LUDWIG,

PROPRIETOR.

Don't Think

Of wasting time over problems that others have thought out for you.

GOOD RESULTS

Come from long experience.

The Cinderella Stoves and Ranges

Are the result of over thirty-five years experience. They are noted for their durability, cleanliness and economy.

Special attention has been paid to making Stoves the way the people want them, with a view of meeting every requirement at a moderate cost.

Their cleanliness lessens labor. Their economy saves money.

Sold by the following dealers:
EBENSBURG—H. A. Shoemaker. CARROLLTOWN—P. J. Dietrich. HASTINGS—I. E. Bender. SPANGLER—E. M. Binder. PATTON—A. M. Thomas. LILLY—F. C. George. SOUTH FORK—N. S. George & Son. [feb22.95]

GREAT CLEARANCE SALE

of Furs, Capes and Jackets, Winter Dress Goods and Woolen Underwear at **QUINN'S, 134 and 136 Clinton St., Johnstown.** Fur Capes sold at half cost. New Spring Dress Goods arriving every day.

Carriage and Wagon Shop.

Having opened up in the shop lately occupied by J. A. Boney in the West end of Ebensburg, I am prepared to do all kinds of Wagon and Carriage Work on the shortest notice and at reasonable terms. Carriage Trimming, Cushions and Side Curtains furnished to order. Orders taken for Spring Wagons and Buggies.

Special attention given to Repair Work and Painting and satisfaction guaranteed.

H. E. BENDER,
Formerly of Carrolltown.

5.9531.

PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD.

Schedule in effect November 17, 1895.

Connections at Cresson.

EAST.

Seashore Express, week days	6 30 a m
Altoona Accommodation, week days	9 25 a m
Main Line Express, daily	10 59 a m
Altoona Express, daily	1 00 p m
Harrisburg Accommodation, Sundays only	1 07 p m
Mail Express, daily	5 17 p m
Philadelphia Express, daily	8 12 p m

WEST.

Johnstown Accommodation, week days	8 14 a m
Pacific Express, daily	8 37 a m
Way Passenger, daily	2 56 p m
Mail Train, daily	4 26 p m
Fast Line, daily	8 28 p m
Johnstown Accommodation, week days	8 34 p m

Ebensburg Branch.

Trains leave Ebensburg as follows: 7.20 and 3.30 p. m. and arrive at Cresson at 7.57 a. m. and 4.06 p. m. Leave Cresson at 9.30 a. m. and 5.35 p. m., and arrive at Ebensburg at 10.05 a. m., and 6.10 p. m.

Cresson and Clearfield.

Leave Irvona at 6.45 a. m. and 3.10 p. m. arriving at Cresson at 8.05 a. m. and 4.10 p. m. Leave Cresson 9.35 a. m. and 5.30 p. m., arriving at Irvona at 10.55 a. m. and 6.50 p. m.

For rates, maps, etc., call on agent or address THOS. E. WATT, P. A. W. D., 360 Fifth Ave., Pittsburg, Pa.

S. M. PREVOST, General Manager. J. R. WOOD, General Manager.

JOHN PFISTER,

DEALER IN

GENERAL MERCHANDISE,

Hardware, Queensware,

MADE-UP CLOTHING,

BOOTS AND SHOES,

GROCERIES AND PROVISIONS,

VEGETABLES IN SEASON,

HARNESS, ETC.,

OPPOSITE JUNCTION HOTEL,

CRESSON, PA.

ma22-20ly

BONANZA to AGENTS SAMPLES FREE Both sexes. $5 to $20 per day. Address P. O. Box 1500, CO. A. SCOTT, New York City

...mbria Freeman.

...ENSBURG, CAMBRIA CO., PA.

...AY, - - - JUNE 12, 1896.

...OCAL AND PERSONAL.

...Mel Rock, of Carrolltown, spent a ... in Ebensburg on Wednesday.

...C. A. Sharbaugh, Carrolltown's ...merchant was in town on Mon...

...John Lantzy, one of Elder town...best citizens was in town on Mon...

...Lyte, of Kane, Pa., a former ...of Ebensburg, is seriously ill with ...ia.

...Jacob C. Carlheim, of Altoona, ...couple of days in Ebensburg this ...business.

...John Yahner, one of Patton's en...e merchants, was a visitor to ...rg on Monday.

...Hon. E. J. Parrish and Dr. Troxell, ...ton, were in town several days ...attending court.

...Stazle, of Allegheny, county is ...Judge Barker in the disposal of ...business this week.

...Martin Fleck, one of Allegheny ...'s prosperous farmers, spent a ...in town on Monday.

...stone works at Dysart are being ...every day, Sunday also. The ...are carried on by Italians.

...re wishing to buy brick or an Em...ler, will find an "ad" in our mis...column offering them for sale.

...large steam tannery of William J. ...Potter's Mills, Centre county, ...burned to the Thursday night, ...a loss of $6,000.

...very electrical storm passed over ...at noon on Sunday. Mrs. ...Rhoades, of Summerville, was struck and ...killed by lightning.

...Elton, a miner was injured at ...Friday by a fall of Rock. He ...to the Johnstown hospital for ...

...contractors doing the work on the ...improvements between Lilly and ...have been increasing their force ...during the past week.

...unknown scoundrel on Sunday ...the tongue out of a calf belong...William Larkin, a farmer residing ...station, Westmoreland county. ...claimed a fine gray horse from ...Kimball and Denny, of this place, ...not. It was a valuable one that ...purchased to be shipped to Ros...

...Wednesday night of last week a ...barn destroyed the old pavilion ...used by Judge White, old Armory ...a small stable belonging to Shad ...

...Monday two immense German ...caught in crooked Creek, back ...'s store at Newville, Indiana ...of which weighed six pounds ...other nine pounds.

...Judge Krebs, of Clearfield, has an...himself as a candidate for the ...nomination for congress ...of J. L. Spangler, who thought ...have no opposition.

...Saul, who conducted a gents fur...store at Lilly left that place one ...owes and his whoreabouts are ...t. Business and family troubles ...to be the cause of his disappear...

...Gordon, of Clearfield, has de...that constables are not entitled to ...for making returns to court ...only entitled to one fee for war...attaining the names of more than ...

...sentatives of the Pittsburg & ...have purchased large bodies of ...in Westmoreland county, along ...of the proposed road. It is said ...purchase will aggregate two mil...

...W. Clark, proprietor of the late ...of Johnstown, was arrested ...day, charged with obtaining a ...from the Citizens' Building ...association, of Altoona by false ...tations.

...B. Marshall, aged 37 years, of ...committed suicide at his board...in that city, on Saturday even...five o'clock, by cutting his throat ...razor. Marshall had been on a ...spree.

...excellently-executed counterfeit ...has made its appearance in Al...The Tribune says it is dated 1894, ...the appearance and ring of the ...coin. When weighed, however, ...a trifle lighter.

...was visited by a flood Sunday ...ing the big one during the year of ...town flood. The bark sheds, ...beam house building, connected ...tannery, were badly flooded, as ...other properties in the town.

...steam saw mill situated about two ...south of Nicktown, in Barr town...belonging to the Griffith estate, and ...by Mr. Webb Griffith, of this place, ...was destroyed by fire on Wednes...The mill had been running on ...day and it is supposed that a ...spark in the sawdust caused ...

...Ladies Exchange of the Christain ...will offer for sale as usual, a lot of ...pies, cakes, baked beans, meats, ...the residence of Mrs. Jacob ...East ward, Ebensburg, on Satur...from 2 to 8 o'clock, P. M., ...be pleased to fill any orders if ...the president, Miss Minnie Lloyd.

...commencement exercises at Mt. ...Academy, at Loretto, will take ...on Tuesday, June 16, at 2:30 P. M. ...distribution of premiums and honors ...pupils will then occur. Misses ...Kerfley and Gertrude Wise will ...in the English course. The ...reception and banquet will take ...on Saturday.

...During the rain storm Sunday after...lightning struck the Hostetter Coke ...large stables at Whitney, ...Cambria county, and with about ...tons of hay and other feed they ...quickly reduced to ashes. The stock ...saved; also all the harness and ...gery. The loss will aggregate about ...which is fully insured.

...Urias Glessner, of near Roxbury, ...Somerset county, had a narrow escape ...instant death a few days ago. He ...standing about twenty five feet dis...from a large oak tree during a storm, ...the tree was struck by a bolt of ...and shattered to kindling wood...the roots of the tree were torn from ...ground. Mr. Glessner was struck by ...large branches of the tree. He was ...badly frightened, but sustained only a ...shock.

...City hitherto unknown to at least ...constables of the Commonwealth was ...visited by Judge Miller, Tuesday, at ...He told those assembled to make ...to court that it was part of their ...to see that the highways in their ...section were in good repair. He said ...the court would pay them for their ...duty if it was neccessary. They ...inform the road supervisor when ...such a road in bad condition, and, if ...promptly repaired, report to the judge, ...he would see that it was done.

Teacher's Examinations.

July 1, at Coopersdale, for West Taylor, Rosedale, and Coopersdale.

July 2, at Morrellville, for Lower Yoder, Westmont, and Morrellville.

July 3, at Conemaugh, for Franklin, Conemaugh Township, East Conemaugh, and East Taylor.

July 9, at Weaver's, for Richland.

July 10, at Elton, for Adams.

July 17, at Barnesboro, for Susquehanna and Barnesboro.

July 18, at Spangler, for Spangler.

July 20, at Nicktown, for Barr.

July 21, at Hastings, for Elder and Hastings.

July 22, at Roxbury, for Upper Yoder and Roxbury.

July 23, at Walnut Grove, for Daisytown, Stony Creek, and Dale.

July 24, at South Fork.

July 25, at Belsano, for Blacklick.

July 28, at Gallitzin, for Tunnelhill, Gallitzin Township, and Gallitzin.

July 29, at Summerhill, for Croyle and Summerhill Borough.

July 30, at Wilmore, for Summerhill Township and Wilmore.

August 4, at Portage, for Portage Township and Portage.

August 5, at Lilly, for Washington and Lilly.

August 6, at Cresson, for Cresson Township.

August 7, at Ebensburg, for Cambria Township and Ebensburg.

August 8, at Loretto, for Allegheny and Loretto.

August 11, at Fiske, for White.

August 12, at Glasgow, for Reade.

August 13, at St. Lawrence, for Chest Township.

August 14, at St. Augustine, for Clearfield and Chest Springs.

August 15, at Fairview, for Jackson.

August 18, at Carrolltown, for Carroll Township, Patton and Carrolltown.

August 19, at Ashville, for Ashland, Ashville, and Dean.

August 20, at Noel, for Munster.

September 1, Special Examination at Ebensburg.

Examinations will begin promptly at 8:30 a. m.

All written work must be done with pen.

White's School Management, Berkey's Teacher's Manual and Guide, and Hughe's Mistakes in Teaching will form the basis for examinations in Methods of Teaching.

Certificates will be mailed not later than one week following the examination. Applicants will present their last year's certificate to the Co. Supt., together with a stamped envelope, addressed, for a report of the examination.

Applicants from other counties must present a valid certificate from their own County Superintendent before they will be examined.

Uniform examination paper will be furnished by the County Superintendent.

Teachers should be examined in the districts where they expect to apply.

Secretaries of the Boards will kindly see that school rooms are clean, well ventilated, and open at 8:30 on the morning of examinations.

All friends of education are invited to be present at the examinations.

T. L. GIBSON,
Supt. of Schools of Cambria Co. Pa.
June 6, 1896.

Excursion Route Book.

The passenger department of the Pennsylvania railroad company will, on June 1, publish its annual Summer Excursion Route Book. This work, which is compiled with the utmost care and exactness, is designated to provide the public with short descriptive notes of the principal Summer resorts of Eastern America, with the routes for reaching them, and the rates of fare. There are over four hundred resorts in the book to which rates are quoted, and over fifteen hundred different ways of reaching them, or combinations of routes are set out in detail. The book is the most complete and comprehensive handbook of Summer travel ever offered to the public.

Its 215 pages are enclosed in a handsome and striking cover, in colors. Several maps, presenting the exact routes over which tickets are sold, are bound in the book. It is also profusely illustrated with fine half-tone cuts of scenery along the lines of the Pennsylvania railroad and elsewhere.

Any doubt as to where the summer should be passed will be dispelled after a careful examination of the contents of this publication.

On and after June 1st it may be procured at any Pennsylvania railroad ticket office at the nominal price of ten cents, or, upon application to the general office, Broad Street station, by mail for twenty cents.

A Relic of Past Ages

Mr. Milt Phillippi tell us that while sinking a shaft for coal near town a few days ago, a blast threw up the petrified head and about five feet of what was once an enormous living snake, probably some species of water snake that inhabited the seas that covered this portion of the continent no one knows how many thousand years ago. Mr. Phillippi says that the head of the huge reptile is as large as a man's head, and the portions of its body recovered are as thick as the leg of an ordinary adult person. Unfortunately the specimen was broken in several pieces. It will be hauled to town shortly for exhibition, and probably later on sent to the Smithsonian Institute or the Carnegie Museum at Pittsburg, to be placed permanently among the collections of its kind at one of these depositories.—*Somerset Democrat.*

Explosion at Lilly.

About three o'clock on Tuesday afternoon a frightful explosion occurred about a mile below Lilly on the Pennsylvania railroad improvements by which one man was instantly killed and six others were injured, some of them fatally. The men were at work for Contractor McManus, and were engaged in charging a blast of dynamite when, by some accident, the charge containing one hundred and eighty cans of the deadly explosive was prematurely exploded. Mike Schawnoski was killed and Antonio Stibie, Gragorious Sciskie, Gabriel Augonoski, Frank Smith, colored, Peter Jackson, colored, and Samuel Watters were all badly hurt and buried under a mass of sand and rock. The large steam shovel which stood on the track close by was hurled twenty feet from where it stood.

—John Flynn, manager of a West Virginia lumber company, at Horton, Randolph county, West Virginia, and who at one time was engaged extensively in lumber operations in Clearfield and White townships, in this county, died at that place on Sunday afternoon from cramp after suffering intensely about two days. He was a resident of Altoona, where his family at present reside. Accompanied by his brother, D. C. Flynn, the remains of the deceased were taken to Tyrone and thence conveyed to Janesville, Clearfild county, where they were interred on Wednesday.

—Mr. David J. Davis, of the firm of Davis Brothers, of Cambria township, who operate a steam sawmill about five miles north of Ebensburg, on Saturday, while working on the mill, unfortunately got his right hand caught by a small circular saw used for edging, with the result that two fingers of his hand were cut off, the index finger at the knuckle and the second at the second joint, while his thumb was also badly lascerated. He will be unable to work for some time to come.

—Highland Lodge No. 428 I. O. O. F., will attend church in a body on Sunday next at 3 P. M., in the C. M. church. All Odd Fellows are requested to meet at the lodge room at 2:30 and march in a body to the church.

Real Estate Transfers.

Hugh McNeelis to Thomas W. Hagan, Gallitzin borough; $1,300.

George F. Evans et ux. to Vigilant Building & Loan association, Lower Yoder, $1.

George F. Evans et ux. to Vigilant Building & Loan association, Lower Yoder, $1.

Jennie E. Butler et vir to Standard Building & Loan association, Morrellville, $1.

John Kolas et ux. to Joseph Kirk, Patton, $300.

John A. Blair et ux. to M. D. Bearer, Ebensburg, $1.

J. R. Stull to J. F. Stull, Richland, $46.

John A. Hamilton to M. K. Piper, Washington, $400.

Edward O'Brien, guardian, et al. to John A. Hamilton, Washington, $61.

Susan E. Fry et vir to J. G. McCrory, Johnstown, $1,325.

George Roos et ux. to P. W. Plotts, Johnstown, $450.

George Habicht et ux. to John Nocolong, Lower Yoder, $300.

George Habicht to John Nadolny, Lower Yoder, $1.

Kate Kaldenbaugh et al. to John Gruber, Johnstown, $1.

Susan A. Skelly to Pennsylvania Railroad company, Portage borough, $800.

Cyrus Strayer et ux. to Liddie White, Morrellville, $400.

Ralph L. Goff et ux. to E. Will Green, Patton, $1.

Catharine Crute to William Oppy, East Taylor, $775.

Francis Devlin to Catharin Devlin, Johnstown, $800.

Alfred Tucker et ux. et al. to Thomas Barnes Barnesboro, $140.

George W. Speice et ux. et al. to Thomas Brown, Barnesboro, $1.

Samuel Horner et ux. et al. to Jacob Horner, Conemaugh, $230.

Samuel Horner et ux. et al. to Jacob Horner, Conemaugh, $375.

John Huber et ux. to Mary Magdalen Gray, Elder, $125.

Francis S. Diehl to Henry S. Heisel, Portage borough, $37.

Daniel Dolan et al. to Susan Dolan, Johnstown, $5.

Sarah Heisel et al. to Daniel A. Murphy, Adams, $20.

John Eckles et ux. to John W. Hudson, West Taylor, $50.

Annie L. Prosser et vir to Michael Bennett, West Taylor, $1,000.

Joseph Dorris et ux. to Henry Fleshour, Conemaugh, $300.

Anthony Sanker to Anthony Laino, Gallitzin borough, $400.

Margaret P. McConaughy et al. to William Zelina, Lower Yoder, $325.

Eugene H. Overdorff to Excelsior Building & Loan association, Morrellville, $1,000.

Charles H. Williams to Excelsior Building & Loan association, Morrellville, $1,600.

Harry E. Overdorff to Excelsior Building & Loan association, Morrellville, $1,100.

Patrick Clarke to Jane McNeil, Gallitzin, borough, $150.

Valentine Thomas et ux. to C. J. Thomas, Carrolltown $600.

C. J. Thomas et ux. to Mary E. Thomas, Carrolltown, $650.

Clara Rodgers to Jessie C. Northcraft, Johnstown, 400.

Civilla Blough to Isaac J. Kauffman, Richland, $350.

Cambria Iron Company to William Davis, East Conemaugh, $350.

Administrator of Charles Bradley to John C. Bradley, Allegheny, $750.

James E. Laverty, by the Sheriff, to D. E. Dufton, Susquehanna, $80.

D. E. Dufton to William L. Faber, Susquehanna, $45.

Charles H. Gross et al. to Cecil Gross et al. Adams, $25,660.

Mary E. Davis et vir to Thomas P. Barber, Johnstown, $100.

Cambria Iron company to John Kelly, East Conemaugh, $350.

Cambria Iron company to Anthony Preston, Johnston, $800.

John Cox et ux. to M. L. Cuppels, Clearfield, $10.

Annie E. Shaffer to Albert S. Witt, Johnstown, $2,300.

A. Calvin Blair et ux. to Citizen's Building & Loan association, Johnstown, $1.

L. W. Sweitzer et ux. to M. B. Stevens, Coopersdale, $10.

M. B. Stephens, to Catharine Sweitzer, Coopersdale, $10.

Mary E. Adams to Cecelia Breth, Cresson, $1.

Communication.

Wilmore, Pa., June 10, 1896.

ED. FREEMAN:—Mrs. Catharine Burk, relict of James Burk, late of Summerhill township, who died in 1871, died at her home in Braddock, on Monday, June 1st, 1896, in her seventy-ninth year. The deceased lady, whose maiden name was Catharine McKenzie, was married to Mr. Burk many years ago, and resided in Summerhill township during the lifetime of her husband. She was the mother of eight children—all daughters. The funeral took place on Thursday last, the remains being interred in the Catholic cemetery, in in this place.

Mr. Richard Thomas, of Cambria township, who has been ill for some time, is still seriously indisposed. His daughter, Mrs. John Jones is also sick.

A meeting of citizens was held in Wilmore on Saturday evening for the purpose of applying for the next Farmer's Institute, which will doubtless be held in Wilmore in the near future.

Misses Annie Storm and Rachel O'Hara, of Cresson, are visiting relatives near Wilmore.

The banns of matrimony were published in the Catholic churches of Wilmore and Carrolltown on Sunday last between Mr. George Farabaugh, of Carrolltown, and Miss Mary R. Dimond, of the Wilmore congregation. Mr. Farbaugh is an industrious young mechanic and Miss Dimond is a talented young teacher and also secretary of Pomono Gramge of Cambria county. She is a daughter of Mr. Jessie H. Dimond. X.

Court Proceedings.

In addition to the cases reported in the last issue of the FREEMAN the following cases were disposed of by the court last week.

Commonwealth vs. John Strumquest; larceny and receiving stolen goods. Jury find defendant guilty.

Commonwealth vs. Gregory A. White; larceny and receiving stolen goods. Jury find defendant not guilty.

Commonwealth vs. Sylvester Dorman; breaking and entering with intent to commit a felony, 3 counts. Nol pros entered on payment of costs by the county.

Commonwealth vs. same; receiving stolen goods. Defendant pleads guilty.

Commonwealth vs. same; receiving stolen goods. Defendant pleads guilty.

Commonwealth vs. same; larceny and receiving stolen goods. Defendant pleads guilty.

Commonwealth vs. same; carrying concealed weapons. Defendant pleads guilty.

Commonwealth vs. Hill Johnson; larceny and receiving stolen goods. Jury find defendant not guilty.

Commonwealth vs. same; larceny and receiving stolen goods. Jury find defendant guilty.

Commonwealth vs. Peter Lorenzo; malicious mischief. Not a true bill and the prosecutor pay the costs.

Commonwealth vs. Michael Priest and John Boyle: robbery and receiving stolen goods. Jury find defendants not guilty.

Commonwealth vs. David Scruder; false pretense. Not a true bill and the prosecutor, James H. Gant, pay the costs, except the four dollars to the county.

Commonwealth vs. James Bourke; larceny and receiving stolen goods. Defendant pleads guilty.

Commonwealth vs. John H. Howe; fornication and bastardy. Defendant plead guilty. Usual sentence.

Commonwealth vs. Joseph Neff; selling liquor without license. Jury find defendant not guilty.

Commonwealth vs. Oliver Davis and Fred. Driscoll; assault and battery. Jury find defendants not guilty but that they pay $10 of the costs and the prosecutor, Fred Jones, pay the balance.

Commonwealth vs. Fred. Jones; assault and battery. Jury find defendant not guilty and divide the costs between the prosecutor and the defendant.

Commonwealth vs. William Nobles; malicious mischief. Defendant plead guilty. Sentenced to pay a fine of $5, costs and thirty days in jail.

Commonwealth vs. Charles Yocum, alias John Shoemaker; assault and battery. Defendant plead guilty and was sentenced to pay the costs.

Commonwealth vs. William Shank; larceny. Defendant plead guilty.

Commonwealth vs. Matthew Weakland; selling liquor to minors, four counts. Defendant plead guilty.

Commonwealth vs. George Jones, Sr., and George Jones, Jr.; gambling. Defendant plead guilty.

Commonwealth vs. Toney Anchlest and the Commonwealth vs. Joseph Lord, cross suits for assault and battery. Jury find Anchlest not guilty but that he pay the costs, and find Lord guilty of assault and battery.

Commonwealth vs. Charles Brennan; forgery. Jury find defendant guilty.

Commonwealth vs. Peter Lorenzo; assault and battery. Jury find defendant not guilty but that he pay half the costs and Rossario Pieco, the prosecutor, the other half.

Commonwealth vs. Rebecca Martz; assault and battery. Jury find defendant guilty.

Commonwealth vs. Mary Burke and James Burke; adultery. Jury find defendants guilty of fornication.

Commonwealth vs. Joseph Springer; malicious mischief. Defendant plead guilty and was sentenced to pay a fine of $5, costs and 30 days in jail.

Commonwealth vs. William S. Davis; embezzlement, seventeen indictments. Jury find defendant not guilty and the prosecutor pay the costs.

IGNORED BY THE GRAND JURY.

Commonwealth vs. Joseph Conino, selling liquor without license, two counts; Frank DeCanno, prosecutor, pay the costs.

Same vs. Catarina Conino, selling liquor without license; Frank DeCanno, prosecutor, pay the costs.

Commonwealth vs. Henry C. Kirkpatrick, furnishing liquor illegally on election day, five counts; Matthew Weakland, prosecutor, pay the costs.

Same vs. Frank de Canno, larceny and receiving stolen goods; Pasqual Wendonia, prosecutor.

Same vs. Louis Pegg, first, second and third counts, keeping gambling house; fourth, fifth and sixth counts, being common gambler; George Jones, prosecutor, pay the costs.

Same vs. Edward Shaffer, first, second and third counts, keeping gambling house; fourth, fifth and sixth counts, being common gambler; George Jones, prosecutor, pay the costs.

The Grand Jury finished its business on Saturday evening and before being discharged made the following report:

JUNE 6, 1896.

To the Honorable A. V. Barker, President Judge of the Court of Quarter Sessions of the County of Cambria, Pennsylvania.

We, the Grand Jurors of the June term of court, would respectfully report that we have examined the jail and almshouse and we find them in good condition. We would suggest that the upper floors in the court house be made free from any refuse that would be the cause of fires, and would recommend a bath tub to be placed in the jail for the use of prisoners.

W. H. REPP,
Foreman.

SECOND WEEK.

Court met on Monday at 9 o'clock with Judge Barker on the bench. The prisoners tried last week were brought over from the jail and were sentenced as follows:

Harry Hough, burglary, and David Watson, burglary. In the first case against them they were ordered to pay jointly a fine of $100 and costs of prosecution and to serve three years each in the Western penitentiary. In the second case they were also sentenced to pay a joint fine of $100, and Hough to serve two years in the penitentiary and Watson one year.

John Ream, found guilty of larceny and receiving stolen goods, was sentenced to pay $50 fine, costs, and serve three years in the penitentiary.

James Cramer, assault and battery; $25 fine, costs, and nine months in jail.

William S. McCoy, assault and battery; $50 fine, costs, and one year and two months in the penitentiary.

Chauncey Myers, larceny and receiving stolen goods; $25 fine, costs, and one year and two months in the penitentiary.

William Remmington, larceny and receiving stolen goods; $25 fine, costs of prosecution, and one year and two months in the penitentiary.

John Strumquest, horse stealing; $25 fine, costs, and one year and two months in the penitentiary. Second case against John Strumquest, horse stealing; $25 fine and costs.

Wesley Dorman, burglary; $50 fine, costs, and three years in the penitentiary. Second case against Wesley Dorman, same charge; $25 fine, costs, and one year in the penitentiary. In several other indictments against Dorman, he was ordered to pay the costs.

Elmer Brennan, forgery; $50 fine, costs, and three years in the penitentiary.

Commonwealth vs. Bernard Stroupe alias Bernard Moore; felonious assault and battery, larceny, shooting off fire arms with intent to kill, and playfully and wantonly pointing firearms. Jury find defendant not guilty of shooting with intent to kill, but guilty on the other charges, and recommended him to the mercy of the court.

Commonwealth vs. Albert and Edward Burkhart; larceny and receiving stolen goods. Jury find defendant not guilty and the prosecutor, Henry Kerbaugh, to pay the costs.

Commonwealth vs. Charles A. W. Devoe ane John W. McClelland; defrauning a boardinghouse keeper. Jury find defendant not guilty and divide the costs between the prosecutor and the defendants.

Commonwealth vs. Dr. Alfred J. Miller, assault and battery with intent to commit a rape. Jury find defendant not guilty but that he pay one-fourth the costs and the prosecutrix, Mrs. Luciuda Guingue, the other three-fourths.

CIVIL LIST.

Love Sunshine & Co. vs. C. C. Bellstein & Company. Jury find for plaintiffs $187.

J. F. McKenrick, Esq., vs. Joseph A. Gray. Jury find for plaintiff $52.

Peter McGee vs. Michael Conway was continued until September 7th, 1896.

—A terrific storm visited Altoona on Sunday afternoon, causing damage in the First, Third, Fifth and Sixth wards to the extent of nearly $100,000. The water in some of the streeets was over five feet deep. No livas were lost; there were some narrow escapes from drowning.

Miscellaneous Notices.

FOR SALE.
70,000 No. 1. Brick. 10,000 Pressed Brick and one new Empire Binder. Inquire of
June 12 3t, M. D. BEARER.

WANTED.—A general representative in this county to organize local boards for the Artisans' Savings and Loan Association. Address 91 Fifth Ave., Pittsburg, Pa. mch27

WANTED—A reliable man to represent a loan institution in Cambria county Money loaned in sums of $100 to $10,000. For particulars apply to W. M. DAVIS, Coalport, Pa. mch28tf.

THE Ebensburg Building & Loan Association will offer for sale at the Rez Building, Ebensburg, on the fourth Monday in June, $2,000.00. THOS. DAVIS,
LESTER LAMMER, Secretary. President.

FOR COMMISSIONER:
ROBERT FERGUSON, of Blacklick township, will be a candidate for the office of County Commissioner on the Democratic ticket, subject to the decision of the next county convention.

THIRTY-THREE dollars will pay for a term of six weeks, board and thorough instruction in music, at the Musical College, Freeburg, Snyder county, Pa. Summer Term begins July 20. For catalogues address, HENRY B. MOYER. ma 29 4t.

AT THE OLD RELIABLE.

Everybody, and especially the oyster-loving people of Ebensburg, are invited to call at Robt. McBreen's Old Reliable Restaurant, when they want good, fresh Oysters, by the pint, quart or gallon. Or you can have them Stewed or Fried, all at the lowest price. Fresh Oysters every day. oct11tf

NOTICE.

The annual meeting of stockholders for the election of directors of the Cresson & Clearfield Coal & Coke company will be held at the office of the company at Frugality, Pa. on Wednesday, June 17th 1896, at one o'clock, P. M.
B. O. HAGAN, Sec'y, 3t.

JOS. HORNE & CO.

June ... Clearance.

Every surplus piece of Dress Goods from lowest to highest grade, will positively be sold during this month of June, neither loss nor cost to be considered,

Come,

or send for samples, giving an idea of maferial desired, and get handsome gowns at a fractional part of real value. This applies to

Summer Woolens, Silks, Cottons, Silk and Wool, Mohairs,—

every fabric on the fashionable list. Let us hear from you in your own interest.

PENN AVENUE AND FIFTH STREET, PITTSBURG.

Rub your poor, tired feet with

Salva-cea
(TRADE-MARK).

It takes all the aching out of sore or tender feet, instantly. Strained or over-worked muscles, chafings, or any soreness or stiffness—they're all relieved in the same quick way.

It's the best remedy for

Sprains, Piles,
Rheumatism, Catarrh,
Neuralgia, Sore Throat,
Burns, Boils,
Bruises, Skin Diseases.

Two sizes, 25 and 50 cents. At druggists, or by mail.

THE BRANDRETH CO., 274 CANAL ST., N. Y.

oct11.95

THE KEELEY CURE

Is a special boon to business men who, having drifted unconsciously into the drink habit and awaken to find the disease of alcoholism fastened upon them, rendering them unfit to manage affairs requiring a clear brain. A four weeks course of treatment at the

PITTSBURG KEELEY INSTITUTE,
No. 4246 Fifth Avenue,

restores to them all their powers, mental and physical, destroys the abnormal appetite, and restores them to the condition they were in before they indulged in stimulants. This has been done a more than 1600 cases treated here, and among them some of your own neighbors, to whom we can refer with confidence as to the absolute safety and efficiency of the Keeley Cure. The fullest and most searching investigation is invited. Send for pamphlet giving full information.

aug. 2 94

RESTAURANT NOTICE.

I respectfully give notice to my many patrons of Ebensburg and country people at at large that on and after April 1, 1896, I will move my restaurant from Julian street to Centre street, in sight of the Cambria House, next door to Wilkinson's Marble yard, where I will be pleased to see all my old patrons, noping a liberal share of the public patronage. I serve meals and lunches at all hours. Price, 15 and 20 cents. I will keep a full line of confectionery, fruits, candies, cigars, oysters, ice cream in season, ice cream in all flavors, special dinners and suppers gotten up by giving timely notice, spring vegetables in season. I will have a special parlor for ladies and their escorts. Thanks for past favors.

Respectfully yours,
meh 20 tf. JAMES H. GANT.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

Estate of Sarah Hagan deceased.
Letters of administration c. t. a. on the estate of Sarah Hagan, late of the borough of Gallitzin, in Cambria county, Pa. having been granted to me, all persons indebted to said estate are hereby notified to make payment to me without delay, and those having claims against the same will present them, properly authenticated for settlement.
THOMAS W. HAGAN,
Administrator.
Gallitzin Pa., May 1st, 1896. ma 8 6t.

ADLINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

Letters of administration de bonis non cum testamento annexo on the estate of Peter Stoltz, late of Barr township, deceased, having been granted to the undersigned, all persons having claims against the said estate will present them for payment and all indebted to said estate will make payment immediately to
H. J. HOPPEL,
F. A. SHOEMAKER, Adm'r. d. b. n. c. t. a.
Attorney.

A FRIENDLY STORE!

Friendly Invitation, Friendly Welcomes, Friendly Clerks, Friendly Talk, Friendly Talk, Friendly Merchandise, Friendly Prices. Why not? Friendly Friends of the Store make this possible. It spurs us to broader, better and more liberal Trading.

NO GRAND PARADE

ever exceeded the splendor of our array of Dry Goods. They are more attractive than ever before, and they will move rapidly, for the price is right.

Yard-wide-Muslin. - 3 1-4c per yard.
Fruit of the Loom, - - 10c. a yard.
Toil Du Noid, - - 10c. a yard.
Cotton Crepon, - - 10c. a yard.
Cashmeres, all colors, 15, 20, 25, 35, 45, 50c. yard.
Sateen in Persian effects, - 12c. a yard.

"Hats at High-Tide"

Is the only expression that will describe the state of our Hat trade this season. Hats that will make tall, thin men look stout. Hats for fat men,

YACHTING CAPS

and Sailor Hats for boys. Men's and boys' Crush Hats for 50c. Men's black Tourist Hats for 75c. and up. Men's Stiff Hats in all colors

AT ANY PRICE.

Words of Praise.

reach us every day from customers. We suit them with Clothing. Their Clothes fit, are made well, they are satisfied.

The price is right and the styles correct.

These are some of the reasons they sing our praise.

We sell all all-wool Cheviot Suits for $5.00.
We sell scuff Suits for $4.50.
We sell Clay-worsted Sack Suits for $6.00.
We sell better Clays for $8, 10 and 12.
Children's double-breasted Suits, 4 to 14 years, $1.25.
We sell Grand Army Suits, including Brass G. A. R. Buttons, for only $8.

Held High in Estimation.

Something cool is what the people are looking for now—cool and comfortable are these one strap Sandals in Dongola and Tan Needle or Razor Toe for $1 and $1.25.

Ladies' Oxford in Dongola and Tan from 75c. to $2.

Also Children's in Patent Leather, Dongola and Tan sandals from 60c. to $1.25.

Yours for Low Prices,

H. ORTH,

CALLITZIN, PA.

BICYCLES. BICYCLES.

All Kinds and Sizes for Sale by

H. A. SHOEMAKER.

R. L. JOHNSTON. M. J. BUCK. A. W. BUCK.
ESTABLISHED 1872.

Johnston, Buck & Co.,

BANKERS,
EBENSBURG, - - - PENN'A.
A. W. BUCK, Cashier.

ESTABLISHED 1888.

Carrolltown Bank,

CARROLLTOWN, PA.
T. A. SHARBAUGH, Cashier.

General Banking Business Transacted.

The following are the principal features of general banking business:

DEPOSITS

Received payable on demand, and interest bearing certificates issued to time depositors.

LOANS

Extended to customers on favorable terms and approved paper discounted at all times.

COLLECTIONS

Made in the locality and upon all the banking towns in the United States. Charges moderate.

DRAFTS

Issued negotiable in all parts of the United States, and foreign exchange issued on all parts of Europe.

ACCOUNTS

Of merchants, farmers and others solicited, to whom reasonable accomodation will be extended.

Patrons are assured that all transactions shall be held as strictly private and confidential, and that they will be treated as liberally as good banking rules will permit.

Respectfully,
JOHNSTON, BUCK & CO.

S. L. REED. PATRIOT READE.

REED & READE,

Attorneys at Law,
EBENSBURG, - - - PENNA.
Office on Centre street. [4.28 93

KITTELL & LITTLE,

Attorneys at Law,
EBENSBURG, PA.
Office in Opera House. 2.9.94

T. W. DICK,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
EBENSBURG, PENN'A.
Special attention to given claims for Pension Bounty, etc. chf-'80

J. F. McKENRICK,
ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW,
EBENSBURG, PA
Office on Centre street.

H. H. MYERS,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW
EBENSBURG, PA.
Office in Colonade Row, on Centre street.

DONALD E. DUFTON,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
EBENSBURG, PENNA.
Office in Opera House, Center street.

OILS! OILS!

The Atlantic Refining Co., of Pittsburg, Pa., make a specialty of manufacturing for the domestic trade the finest brands of

Illuminating and Lubricating Oils, Naphtha and Gasoline

That can be

MADE FROM PETROLEUM.

We challenge comparison with every known product of petroleum. If you wish the

Most : Uniformly : Satisfactory : Oils

in the market ask for ours.

ATLANTIC REFINING CO.,
PITTSBURG DEPT.,
PITTSBURG, PA.
oct18.94ly.

ASSIGNEE'S NOTICE.

Assigned estate of John A. Blair.
Notice is hereby given that John A. Blair and Jane A. Blair, his wife, on the 28th day of May 1896, executed a deed of voluntary assignment to the undersigned transferring all the estate, real, personal and mixed of the said John A. Blair in trust for the benefit of his creditors. All persons indebted to said assigned estate are hereby notified to make payment to me without delay, and those having claims against the same will present them properly authenticated.
M. D. BEARER,
Assignee.
Ebensburg, Pa., May 28th, 1896. 6t.

Mountain House

Shaving Parlor

Located on Centre street near Mountain House office. Shaving, Hair Cutting and Shampooing done in the neatest and best manner. A share of your patronage solicited.

ROBERT CASSIDY.

CANCER

and TUMORS CURED; no Knife; book free. DRS. GRATIGNY & BUSH, 168 Elm St., Cincinnati, O.

1794. 1895.

Policies written at short notice in the

OLD RELIABLE "ÆTNA"

And other First Class Companies.

T. W. DICK,

AGENT FOR THE

OLD HARTFORD

FIRE INSURANCE COM'Y.

COMMENCED BUSINESS

1794.

Ebensburg, July 21, 1882.

BAYARD'S

PINK - DYSPEPSIA - TABLETS.

A SURE CURE FOR

DYSPEPSIA AND INDIGESTION.

Will immediately Strengthen Stomach and Restore Appetite. For sale by Druggists or sent promptly by mail on receipt of price, 50c. a box.

BAYARD DRUG CO., Philadelphia, Pa.
Nov. 1 6m.

Ebensburg Fire Insurance Agency

T. W. DICK,

General Insurance Agent,

EBENSBURG, PA.

JOHN F. STRATTON'S
CELEBRATED

MANDOLINS,

Importers of and Wholesale Dealers in all kinds of
MUSICAL MERCHANDISE,
811, 813, 815, 817 East 9th St., New York.

FRAZER AXLE GREASE

BEST IN THE WORLD.

Its wearing qualities are unsurpassed, actually outlasting two boxes of any other brand. Not affected by heat. IF GET THE GENUINE.

FOR SALE BY DEALERS GENERALLY.

AGENTS WANTED by an old reliable firm; a large profits, quick sale; SAMPLE FREE. A rare opportunity. Geo. S. [illegible], 349 Broadway, N. Y.

JAPAN A COMPETITOR.

The Ways and Means Committee's Report.

FACTORIES BEING BUILT IN JAPAN.

No Remedy Outside of Prohibition of Convict Labor Goods—The Prices Paid Workmen—American Capital Sees a Profitable Field For Investment.

WASHINGTON, June 10.—Chairman Dingley of the house ways and means committee has made a report on the menace to American manufacturers by the threatened invasion of the cheap products of Oriental labor and upon the effect of the difference of exchange between gold standard and silver standard countries upon United States manufacturing and agriculture, these questions having been investigated by the committee. The report says the sudden awakening of Japan from the Oriental slumber of centuries is being followed by an equally rapid westernizing of her methods of industry; that while the Japanese do not have the inventive faculty of Americans, or even of Europeans, their initiative faculties are wonderful. Their standard of living would be regarded as practical starvation by the workmen of the United States, and hours of labor average 12 a day. Such skilled workmen as blacksmiths carpenters, masons, compositors, tailors and plasterers receive, in Japanese cities, only from 26 to 33 cents, and factory operatives 5 to 25 cents per day in our money and nearly double these sums in Japanese silver money, while farmhands receive $1.44 per month.

Europeans and Americans, says Mr. Dingley, are recognizing the profitable field afforded for investments and factories, and he adds: "Sixty-one cotton mills, controlled ostensibly by Japanese companies but promoted by Europeans, and several small silk factories are in operation with something over a half million spindles. Japan is making most of the cotton goods required to supply the narrow wants of her own people, and is beginning to export cheap silk fabrics and handkerchiefs.

"Recently a watch factory with American machinery was established by Americans, although the stock is held in the names of Japanese, as foreigners will not be permitted to carry on manufacturing in their own names until 1899; and the progress made indicates that the enterprise will prove a success."

The committee have not found that any articles of importance made by factory methods in Japan, outside of cheap silks, handkerchiefs, mattings, rugs, etc., have as yet invaded the markets of the United States, but Japan threatens to be a more serious competitor than Great Britain, France or Germany.

According to Mr. Dingley, the competition will differ, not in kind, but in degree from European competition. The committee reports that it knows no remedy, outside of the absolute prohibition enforced against convict labor goods, except the imposition of duties on competing goods equivalent to the difference of cost and distribution.

The report continues: "Silver standard countries like Japan and Mexico, in which as it is claimed, the prices of domestic products estimated in silver remain the same as in 1873, are put to a disadvantage in their trade with foreign countries on a gold standard in that the latter countries are able to use silver, which costs nearly 50 per cent less than it did in 1873, in payment for products of silver standard countries practically paying only half as much in their money for the products of silver standard countries as they paid in 1873, while the silver standard countries pay, or at least paid in 1892, 85 per cent more in silver and only 15 per cent less in gold for the products of gold standard countries than they did in 1873."

The advantages in foreign trade of an identical monetary standard are shown, and in considering the probabilities of enlisting the manufacturing countries of Europe in an international agreement for a fixed coinage ratio between gold and silver, it is said that the leading European countries, especially Great Britain, must be the first to feel the competition of Japan and other Oriental countries.

DEMOCRATS SELECTING QUARTERS

Many Delegations to the Convention Have Secured Accommodations.

CHICAGO, June 10.—The various state delegations to the national Democratic convention are already selecting their quarters. The New York delegation will be lodged at the Palmer House. The national committee will also have rooms provided for them at the Palmer. Tammany will be located at the Auditorium. It will have as companions the delegations from Mississippi, Kentucky, Maryland and South Carolina. Over in the annex West Virginia, Washington, Missouri and Rhode Island representatives will hold forth.

A number of eastern correspondents will also be located at the Auditorium annex. The Great Northern will house representatives of several of the New York and Philadelphia papers. Men who shout for Kansas have engaged 25 rooms at the Leland. A stampede for rooms is expected within a few days.

EX-GOVERNOR BOIES' VIEWS

A Democrat Will Certainly Be Nominated at Chicago Convention.

WASHINGTON, June 10.—A letter from ex-Governor Boies of Iowa has been received in this city in which he says:

If the silver delegates control the convention at Chicago a Democrat will certainly be nominated by that convention. It is not vastly important as to who he shall be, if he is a thoroughly tried and true friend of the free coinage of silver, and is capable and honest. It would, in my judgment, be absolutely impossible to unite any considerable number of the delegates to that convention in favor of nominating any one outside of the party for the head of the ticket, at least.

Honors For American Professors

LONDON, June 10.—Cambridge university proposes to confer an honorary degree upon Simon Newcomb, professor of mathematics and astronomy of Johns Hopkins university, Baltimore, and upon Francis Andrew March, professor of the English language at Lafayette college.

Mr. Cullom Not a Candidate.

CHICAGO, June 10.—A Washington special says: Senator Cullom has definitely declared himself out of the presidential race. He said: "My name will not be presented to the St Louis convention. McKinley will be nominated."

A California Waterspout.

SAN FRANCISCO, June 10.—A special from Redding, Cal., says Lake City, a mountain village, was nearly destroyed by a waterspout.

Bills Signed by the President.

WASHINGTON, June 10.—The president has signed the postoffice appropriation bill and the acts to expedite the delivery of imported parcels not exceeding $500 in value; to regulate mail matter of the fourth class, and the joint resolution to authorize a scientific investigation of the fur seal fisheries.

Minister Taylor Ill.

WASHINGTON, June 10.—Word was received that Mr Hannis Taylor, United States minister to Spain, has been taken ill in Paris. He was on his return to Madrid from England, after sending his family home.

LEE VISITS PRISONERS.

He Finds the Americans Sick and In Filthy Quarters.

HAVANA, June 10.—In the Trinidad district of the province of Santa Clara the insurgents have burned the village of Birima. Jose Macco, Perico Perez and Rabi have entered the town of Jiguani, province of Santiago de Cuba, which was defended by a garrison of 180 Spanish soldiers. General Gasco afterward dislodged the insurgents from Jiguani. No further details of this engagement have been received.

The insurgents have burned the village of Cagio. The sugar crop is about one-eighth of last year's crop. The government is giving considerable consideration to the question of assisting unemployed laborers. If they are allowed to remain in idleness there is little doubt that they will go over to the insurgents.

Maximo Gomez is reported to be in the province of Puerto Principe preparing something to detract the attention of the government. In the meantime Carillo is advancing westward and Maceo is overrunning Pinar del Rio.

Generals Garrich, Rodquizo, Bazan, Ruiz, Albacete, Hernandez, Ferrer and Colonel Seguira have recently arrived in this city, and there is considerable speculation as to the reason for their absence from their commands. Common rumor has it that they have been called here to take part in an important council of war.

Luiz Diaz, who served in the last revolution, and Mario Adam, a brother in-law of the insurgent leader Alejandro Rodriguez, have joined the insurgents from Puerto Principe. The insurgent leaders Zayas, Garces and others are assembling their forces in Manajanado, Barrabas, Palo, Prieto and Santa Clara from Puerto Principe.

United States Consul General Lee visited the Cabanas fortress and saw Julio Sanguilly and the prisoners taken on board the schooner Competitor. General Lee found them shut up in a dungeon with negro prisoners. Alfredo Laborde, who is said to have been the leader of the Competitor expedition and who is an American citizen, was found to be very sick.

Consul General Lee, having learned that the officer of the guard was reprimanded by the governor of the fortress for allowing the visit, visited Captain General Weyler to offer his excuses. Captain General Weyler, however, apparently did not think badly of General Lee's visit to the prisoners, although it contravened the rules and laws of the fortress.

General Lee informed Captain General Weyler of the sickness of the prisoners and of the bad condition of their dungeon. General Weyler promised that they should be placed in a better situation and should be changed immediately to a room separated from other prisoners.

STORM DID GREAT DAMAGE.

Lightning Played Many Freaks and Hail Fell Six Inches Deep.

PUNXSUTAWNEY, Pa., June 10.—The most severe storm that ever visited this section has occurred. Lightning played havoc. At Anita, a mining town, two houses were struck, one burning; at Elanora, also a mining town, three houses were struck, all being badly damaged. In one a Miss Miller was standing at a window and was instantly killed.

At Claysville the house of William Davis was struck, the current passing in at one corner of the roof, down into the parlor, where an infant was sleeping, passing along the top of the crib, within three inches of the child's head, but not injuring it. From there it passed across the floor, down the cellar steps, tearing them up, and into the ground. The barn on the old homestead of Judge Jenks was also badly damaged.

A large tree at this place was blown down across a house, in which six persons were sitting, but though doing much damage, no one was hurt. In the Canoe district hail did much damage. Some measured three inches in circumference, and at places lay six inches deep, doing great damage to the crops.

CAPTAIN HEALY SUSPENDED.

Former Commander of the Revenue Cutter Bear Found Guilty.

WASHINGTON, June 10.—Secretary Carlisle has taken action on the findings of the board, appointed in January last, to investigate the charges of drunkenness and conduct unbecoming an officer and gentleman preferred against Captain M. A. Healy of the revenue cutter Bear, stationed on the Pacific coast. The board found him guilty of nearly all the charges preferred against him, and found that he should be dismissed from the service, but in view of Captain Healy's long and efficient service recommended him to the favorable consideration of Secretary Carlisle.

The secretary adopted this recommendation of mercy and mitigated the sentence by ordering that Capt. Healy be placed at the foot of the list of captains and be suspended from rank and duty on waiting orders pay for a term of four years and be publicly reprimanded by the publication of the order on board all revenue cutters. He further admonished Captain Healy that if he is again found guilty of excessive use of intoxicants he will be summarily dismissed.

Blair County Jubilee.

HOLLIDAYSBURG, Pa., June 10.—The public ceremonies and rejoicing attending the semi-centennial anniversary of Blair county opens up today. The celebration promises to form the most memorable event in the county's history. Friday will be civic and industrial day and will be celebrated by a large parade.

Connecticut Democrats For Gold.

HARTFORD, June 10.—The Democratic state convention to name delegates to Chicago is in session. All the prominent Democratic leaders of the state are present. The platform will advocate the "Jeffersonian sound money."

STATE HAPPENINGS.

The sixth annual commencement of the Soldiers' Orphan school took place at Chester Springs.

York county Lutherans laid the cornerstone for a new church at Del-Ray and are agitating for a new synod.

Nine Wilkesbarre lads, of whom seven are under 14 years of age and two only 8 years old, are under arrest for burglary.

Justice Dean made an address to the law graduates at Dickinson college, Carlisle. Forty-five took the degree of LL. B.

Two of a party of seven roysterers, a man and a woman, were drowned by the sinking of their boat in the Monongahela, near Homestead.

Hazleton is to have a newspaper, The Daily Truth. It will boost D. J. McCarthy for state senator and be independent in politics; sid from this.

There was a rush to secure postponement of criminal cases at the Delaware county court, Media, owing to the fact that Judge McClure of Union will preside.

The report on the state of the country made to the Philadelphia African Methodist Episcopal conference at Harrisburg condemned the present administration for business stagnation and for social ostracism of the colored race.

Frederick Meyers was convicted at Pittsburg of the murder of Holmes Anderson. He was known as "Poker" Meyers from the fact that he killed a man by thrusting a hot poker through him.

William Irwin and John Cousins were arrested for robbing the store of the Mongah Coal company near Pittsburg. The watchman, William Hilkey, may die from injuries and exposure received by being tied by the gang.

BRADLEY'S INTERVIEW

He May Publish Letters From McKinley.

PROMISES TO BE SENSATIONAL.

He Is Still a Candidate For President. He Concludes to Hold a Consultation With Republican Leaders Before Publishing the Letters.

CINCINNATI, June 10.—The Commercial Gazette special from Frankfort, Ky., says: Governor Bradley has again donned his fighting clothes, and tomorrow an interview, probably supplemented by some spicy documents will be given out for publication by the Kentucky candidate for the presidency. When it was stated several days ago that Governor Bradley had not withdrawn from the presidential race and had not authorized anyone to withdraw his name the sentiments of the governor were voiced to the letter, and the interview Governor Bradley will authorize will not only verify this statement but will probably have an important effect on the campaign now in progress between the aspirants for the nomination.

Several days ago statements were sent out from Washington which originated in McKinley circles to the effect that Governor Bradley wrote Major McKinley while he was at Thomasville, Ga., on his southern tour two years ago asking his advice as to what currency position he should take and intimating that he (Bradley) was favorable to free silver. According to the Washington story, McKinley answered Bradley, advising him to come out for sound money. The governor will touch on this matter in the interview. When it is stated that two sets of Ohio letters are in his possession, and also letter from other presidential candidates on the currency question who were asked for advice at the time Bradley wrote McKinley at Thomasville, interest of a national character will be created. The letters from McKinley will not be published in the interview, as they are confidential, but Bradley evidently believes that he will be justified in publishing them, since his letter to McKinley has been given out by the McKinley managers at Washington, while the governor feels that he can honorably say what the McKinley letters say.

There are not less than five letters in Governor Bradley's possession from confidential aspirants, written about the time the Thomasville letter was penned, and it is more than probable that two of these letters will be used in the interview. It was Governor Bradley's intention to give out the statement, but he concluded to hold a consultation with several Republican leaders before publishing it. The latest Bradley interview will be red hot and somewhat sensational. It has been alleged that Governor Bradley reconsidered his alleged withdrawal on receipt of telegrams from Platt, Quay & Co.

"Have you authorized any interview intended to be considered as a withdrawal?" was asked of Governor Bradley.

"I have not," he replied.

TO HAVE A SPECIAL MEETING

The Transcontinental Passenger Association to Meet June 18.

CHICAGO, June 10.—A call has been issued for a special meeting of the Transcontinental Passenger association to be held in this city on June 18. The principal object of the meeting will be to consider the withdrawal of the Soo line from the association on account of the refusal of its application for a differential on both first and second class transcontinental business. It is likely that the Soo will reconsider its withdrawal if it can secure its differentials, but there is very little chance of its request being complied with.

The desire of the Canadian Pacific to exempt part of its business from the association agreement will also be considered, and the mileage book question will also be taken up.

The Union Pacific is desirous of making low excursion rates to Nebraska, and as some of its competitors have refused their assent, it has appealed to the chairman, who has denied the appeal. The Union Pacific has given notice that it will run these excursions independently of the other roads.

SEVENTEEN PERSONS INJURED

A Portico Gives Way While Crowded During a Circus Parade.

OTTAWA, Kan., June 10.—While two dozen people crowded onto a portico in front of J. C. Shomo's drugstore while witnessing a passing circus parade, the structure gave way precipitating men, women and children 15 feet to the sidewalk below. Seventeen people were more or less seriously hurt.

The following is a list of the injured: Mrs. George Steinbaugh, Ottawa, leg broken; Mrs. David Day, Rantont, badly hurt, will probably die; Mrs. N. V. Allen, Ottawa, wrist broken; Mrs. Thomas Cowghill, Princeton, jaw broken; Mrs. Lizzie K. T. Wiler, Ottawa, back wrenched; William Young, Greenwood; Ernest Young, arm broken; Johnny Young, Greenwood, head hurt; Miss Mabel Beachy, Ottawa, badly stunned; Miss Mollie Edmundson, Ottawa, back and shoulder hurt; baby of Henry Tennison, Norwood, face badly cut; Frank Owens, Ottawa, wrist broken; Miss Rose Davison, Princeton, ankle sprained; N. V. Allen's son, Ottawa, badly hurt; George Corwin's boy, Ottawa, face and head bruised; Miss Ethel Crane, Ottawa, badly hurt; Miss Peterson, badly hurt.

TORNADO IN ALABAMA.

Three Persons Killed and Over a Hundred Injured.

CHATTANOOGA, June 10.—A tornado of unusual severity struck the town of Wyeth City, about 30 miles from Gadsden, in Northern Alabama. The tornado made its appearance in the usual funnel-shaped cloud in the southeast and carried all before it. Thirteen houses have been literally blown from the face of the earth.

Of five of the structures nothing could be found but small pieces of kindling wood. Trees as large as two feet in diameter were cut like weeds and twisted to pieces. The path of the cyclone was about 100 yards wide, and total devastation followed it. Immediately after the funnel-shaped cloud passed off the work of rescuing its victims was commenced, and at this time it is known that Ed. Lond and an unknown colored woman were killed. Twenty-five people were seriously injured, and six of them are reported dying. A 10-year-old lad was found half a mile away in a dying condition. The cyclone lasted five minutes and passed toward the northeast.

PITH OF THE NEWS.

Kansas City, Mo., has received a gift of 1,314 acres of land for a public park from Thomas H. Swope.

Sentiment among sound money Democrats is unfavorable to E. C. Benedict's suggestion that they bolt in case the silver forces win at Chicago.

John Koenig was convicted at Mt. Holly, N. J., of the theft of a horse and wagon and the robbing of a store at Pemberton.

The death roll from the Barcelona bomb outrage has reached 14 and 20 more victims are dying. Many anarchists have been arrested.

Creton insurgents won another victory over the Turkish troops.

Jules Simon, the eminent French statesman, has died at Paris.

Three men, Milson, Fowler and Seaman, have been hanged in Newgate prison, London, on one scaffold. The execution was private and death was instantaneous.

SOON TO ADJOURN

Only Two Bills In the Way In the House, Aldrich Seated.

WASHINGTON, June 10.—The house gave its final approval to conference reports on two of the four appropriation bills which were in issue, the naval and the Indian bills.

The public buildings amendment and the electric lighting and sectarian charities items in the District of Columbia bill stand between congress and the final adjournment. It was the opinion of the house leaders tonight that an adjustment would be effected and a final adjournment reached today or tomorrow at the latest. Most of the day in the house was devoted to the consideration of the Aldrich-Underwood contested election case from the Ninth Alabama district. The Democrats attempted to filibuster, but were over come, and when the vote was taken the contestant, Mr. Aldrich, who is a brother of Mr. Aldrich who was seated a place of Mr. Robbins of Alabama, was given the seat by a vote of 116 to 107. Fifty Republicans voted with the Democrats against this action.

COMPLIMENTS AMERICAN SAILORS.

Emperor of China Testify His Appreciation of Their Bravery.

SAN FRANCISCO, June 10.—The emperor of China has testified his appreciation of the gallantry shown by the blue jackets of the American warships in rescuing drowning persons in the recent terrible disaster resulting from a collision at Woo Sung between the steamers Onwo and New Chwangby, presenting to the captain of each of Uncle Sam's cruisers in Asiatic waters an elaborately engraved and highly complimentary testimonial.

The part taken by the American sailor lads in this disastrous affair, which sent over 300 human beings to death, is given in detail by Harry Walsh, one of the crew of the Boston, in a letter to his mother, who resides in this city.

According to Walsh, the blue jackets of the cruiser Olympia did the most effective lifesaving work, as she was riding at anchor within 1,000 yards of the scene of the collision.

PLUNGED DOWN A MOUNTAIN.

A Car With Five Men on Board Ran Away Three Miles.

PARKERSBURG, W. Va., June 10.—While a force of men were laying steel rails on the Hardwood Lumber company's railroad on Big Run, in Webster county, the car suddenly became uncontrollable and started from the top peak of High Mountain with five men on the car. Stark Dawson was the only man on the car when it stopped, after running three miles.

When Dawson went back he found James Moffatt lying in a pool of water dead, with his skull crushed. "Doc" Moffatt was found nearby, horribly crushed. Jacob Holcomb was picked up 300 yards down the mountain, terribly injured, and Charles Long was picked up also badly injured. Dawson is bruised, but comparatively unhurt.

The Senate Session.

WASHINGTON, June 10.—The senate has agreed to final conference reports on the naval and Indian appropriation bills, leaving only the sundry civil and the District of Columbia conference report outstanding. The resolution for an inquiry into the circumstances of the award of the statue of General William T. Sherman occasioned an animated debate, Mr. Wolcott of Colorado criticising the award on the ground that it was an injustice to the Society of American sculptors. Senators Allison, Hawley and Mills defended the award. The resolution was finally defeated.

New Executive Committee.

CLEVELAND, June 10.—At the session of the Y. M. C. A. secretaries a new executive committee was appointed, as follows: D. A. Sinclair, secretary and treasurer, Dayton, O.; Dr. Paul C. Phillips, Chicago; J. W. Cook, Bridgeport, Conn.; A. M. Wright, St. Louis; F. S. Goodman, New York; D. A. Budge, Montreal; E. L. Hamilton, Chicago. It was decided that next next year's conference will be held at Selma, Ala., at the time of the International Y. M. C. A. convention.

Swept Over Niagara Falls.

BUFFALO, June 10.—George I. Bach of Indianapolis has been swept over the falls. He fell into the water at Luna Island while reaching for his hat, which had blown off. Bach was manager of the Indianapolis Hotel Register company.

Secretary Morton Makes an Address.

KNOXVILLE, Tenn., June 10.—Hon. J. Sterling Morton, secretary of agriculture, addressed the graduates of the University of Tennessee here. His subject was "Citizenship," and the oration was a scholarly and masterly one.

THE MARKETS.

PITTSBURG, June 9.

WHEAT—No. 1 red, 69@70c; No. 2 red, 66@67c; spring wheat, 65@66c.

CORN—No. 2 yellow ear, 38@38½c; No. 2 shelled, 32@32½c; high mixed shelled, 32@32½c; mixed ear, 30@30c.

OATS—No. 1 white, 25@25½c; No. 2 do, 24½@24½c; extra No. 3 white, 23½@24c; light mixed, 23½@23c.

HAY—No. 1 timothy, $15.00@15.25; No. 2 timothy, $13.50@14.00; mixed clover, $12.00@13.00; packing, $7.50@8.00; No. 1 feeding prairie, $10.00@10.50; wagon hay, $18.00@20.00 for timothy.

BUTTER—Elgin creamery, 18½@19c; Ohio fancy creamery, 15@16c; fancy country, roll, 10@11c; low grade and cooking, 7@8c.

CHEESE—Fancy New York, full cream, 7½@8c; New York flats, cream, 8½c; new Ohios, 7½@7½c; new Wisconsin Swiss, in tubs, 11c, limburger, 8@8½c; Ohio Swiss, in tubs, 11@12c; Swiss, in square blocks, 13@13½c.

EGGS—Strictly fresh Pennsylvania and Ohio, in cases 12½@13c; seconds, 10½@11c.

POULTRY—Large live chickens, 6@6½c per pair; live chickens, small, 50@55c; spring chickens, $3.00@3.50 per doz; dressed chickens, 12@13c per pound; live ducks, 50@65c per pair; dressed, 14@15c per pound; live turkeys, 9@10c per pound; dressed, 14@15c per pound; live geese, 60@75c per pair.

PITTSBURG, June 9.

CATTLE—Receipts light, market steady, except for best grades, which are slow. We quote prices as follows: Extra, $4.30; prime, $4.20@4.30; good, $4.10@4.20; tidy, $4.00@4.10; good butchers', $3.80@4.00; fair, $3.50@3.80; common, $3.00@3.50; rough fat, $3.00@3.85; bulls, stags and cows, $2.00@3.50; heifers, $3.00@4.00; bologna cows, per head, $25@35; fresh cows and springers, $15@40.

HOGS—Receipts light today; demand good for prime light weights, other grades slow. We would quote prices as follows: Prime light weights, $3.60@3.65; best medium weights, $3.50@3.60; common to fair Yorkers, $3.30@3.60; heavy hogs, $3.30@3.35; roughs, $2.00@3.00.

SHEEP AND LAMBS—Supply fair; market dull on sheep and lower on yearlings and spring lambs; 25c higher on veal calves. We quote as follows: Prime, $3.60@3.65; good, $3.40@3.50; fair, $3.00@3.25; common, $2.50@2.90; culls, $1.00@2.00; choice yearlings, $4.00@4.25; common to good yearlings, $3.00@3.75; spring lambs, $5.00@5.00; veal calves, $4.75@5.25; heavy and thin calves, $2.00@3.00.

CINCINNATI, June 9.

HOGS—Market steady at $3.85@3.45. Receipts, 2,700 head; shipments, 2,000 head.

CATTLE—Market steady at $2.50@4.10. Receipts, 1,400 head; shipments, 1,800 head.

SHEEP AND LAMBS—Market for sheep steady at $2.00@3.50. Receipts, 4,500 head; shipments, 2,540 head. Lambs—Market steady at $3.25@6.00, spring, $3.00@5.00.

NEW YORK, June 9.

WHEAT—Spot market weak. No. 1 hard, 70½c f. o. b. afloat.

CORN—Spot market weak; No. 2, 33½c.

OATS—Spot market weaker; No. 2, 22½c.

CATTLE—No trading. European cables quote American steers at 9½@11c per pound dressed weight; refrigerator beef at 7½@8c.

SHEEP AND LAMBS—Market slow and lower. Sheep, poor to very prime, $2.25@3.60; lambs, inferior to prime, $4.75@6.12½.

HOGS—Market steady at $3.50@4.00.

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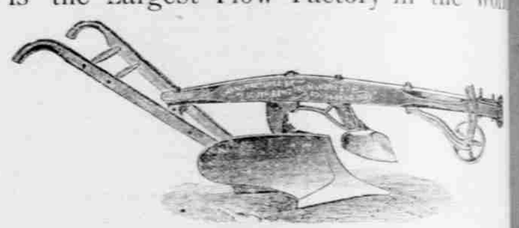

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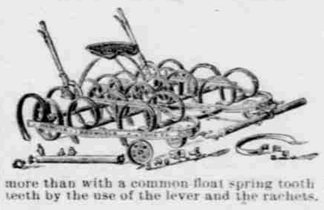

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